

# RETROFIT

Chris Stapleton

## 0.1 IN A NUT SHELL

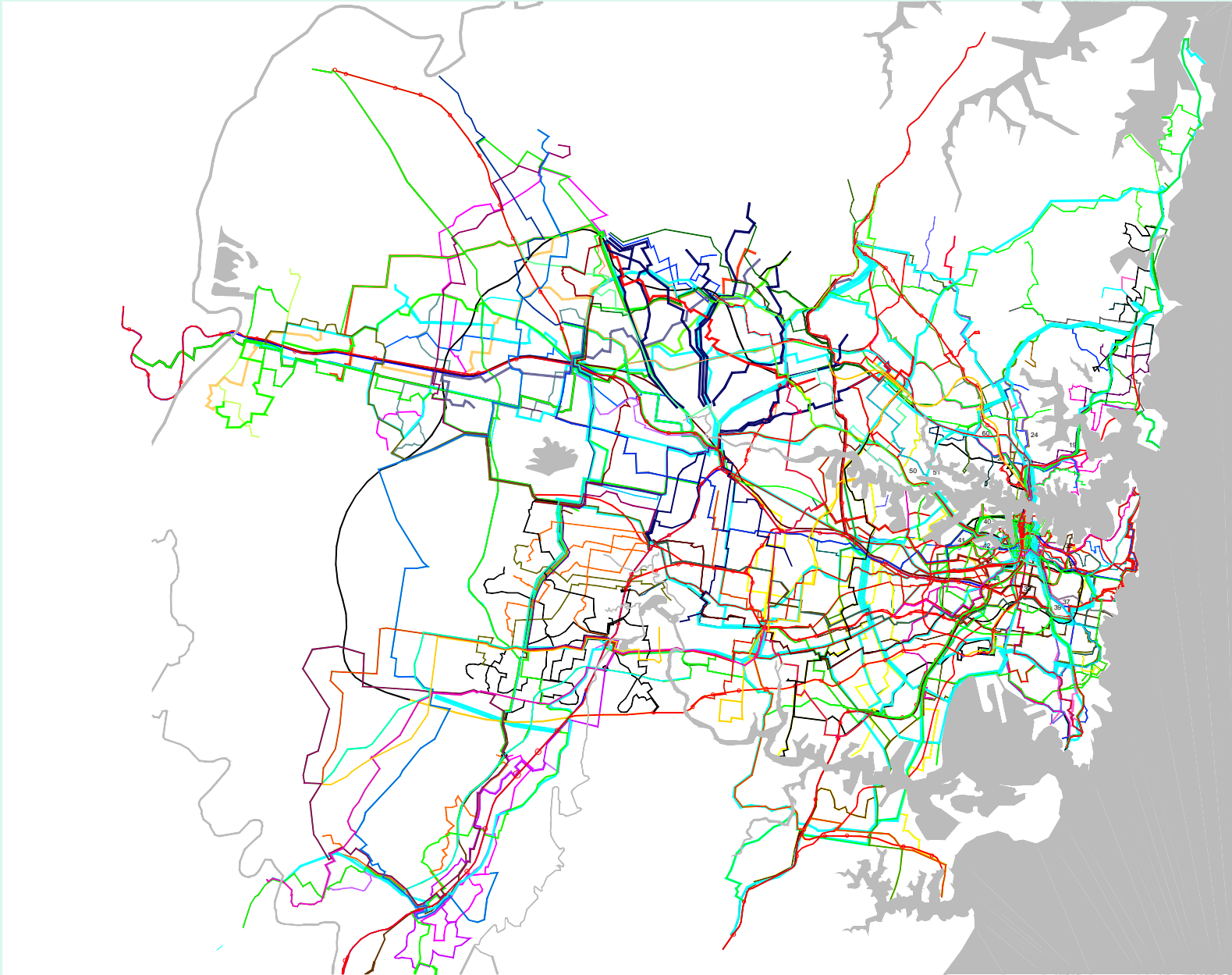
### **MetroWeb**

- MetroWeb delivers a ten minute service to 85 to 90% of the residents of Sydney.
- MetroWeb operates primarily on local streets and regional roads.
- Each route is between 25 and 40 km in length.

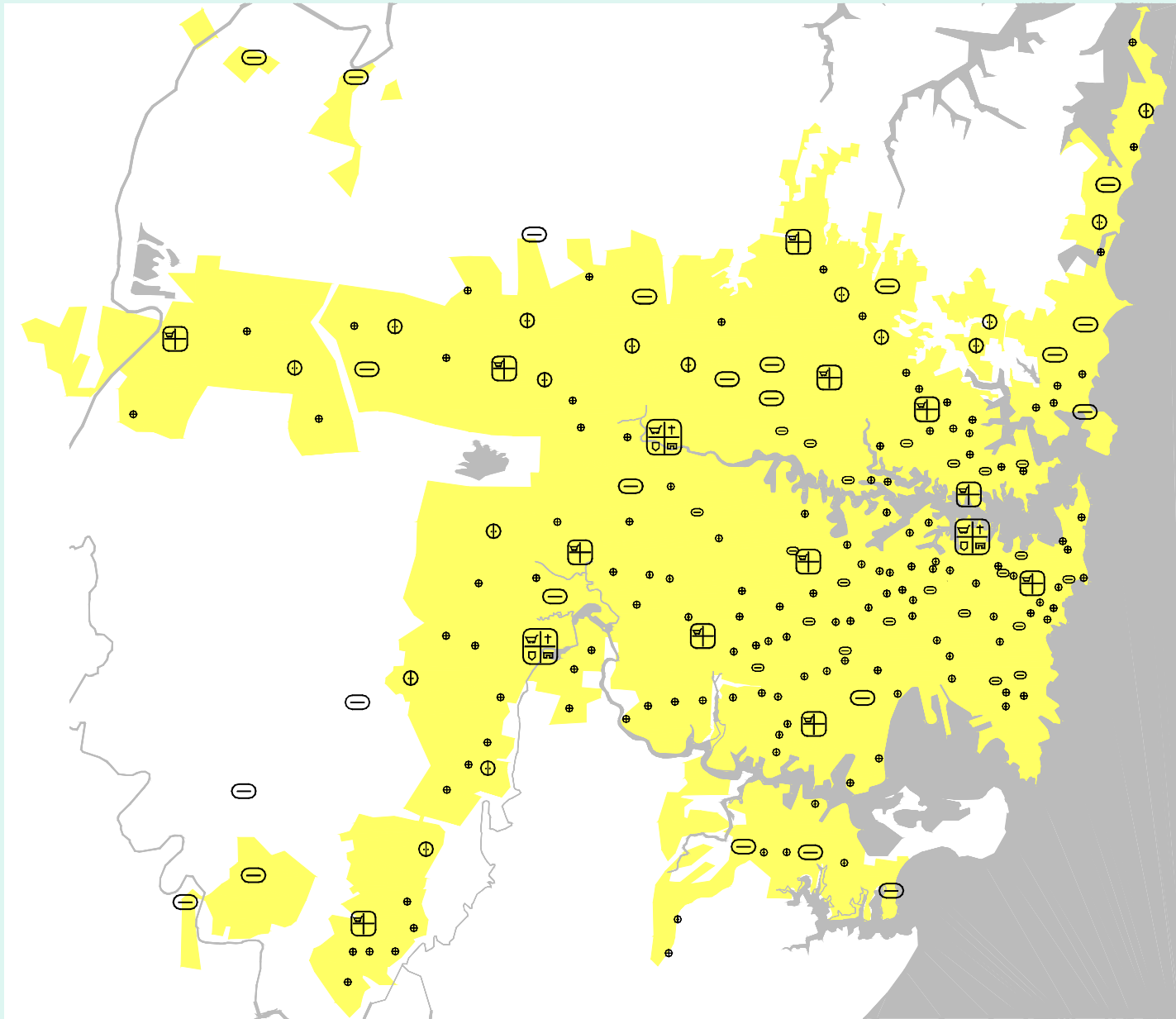
## 0.2 OBJECTIVES

<b>A</b>	<b>Locales are created</b>
	<b>Bus stops generate a fundamental part of the local structure for social and economic life.</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>Walking is increased</b>
	<b>Local Bus routes become the corridors for journeys along local streets.</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>Equitable Transport</b>
	<b>Everybody has access to everywhere.</b>
<b>D</b>	<b>Economic necessity</b>
	<b>Car cannot accommodate the future level of mobility.</b>
<b>E</b>	<b>Environmental necessity</b>
	<b>Traffic noise, pollution and intrusion cannot be sustained- reduce travel by car.</b>
<b>F</b>	<b>Sustainable Futures</b>
	<b>A viable transport alternative available outside every house.</b>
<b>G</b>	<b>Operationally viable</b>
	<b>Combining many travel needs to generate a viable regular service.</b>

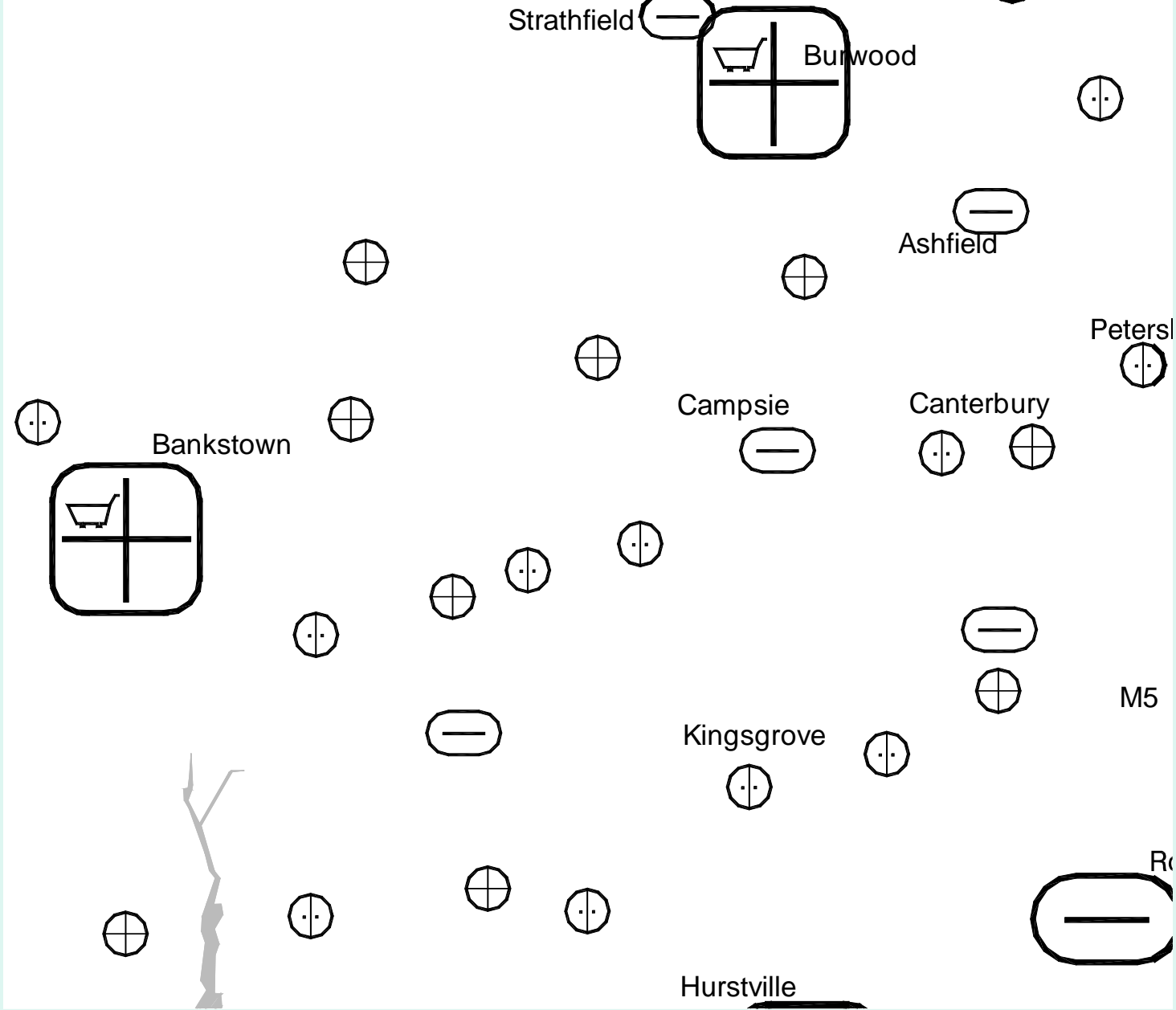
## 0.3 Oh No NOT THIS AGAIN



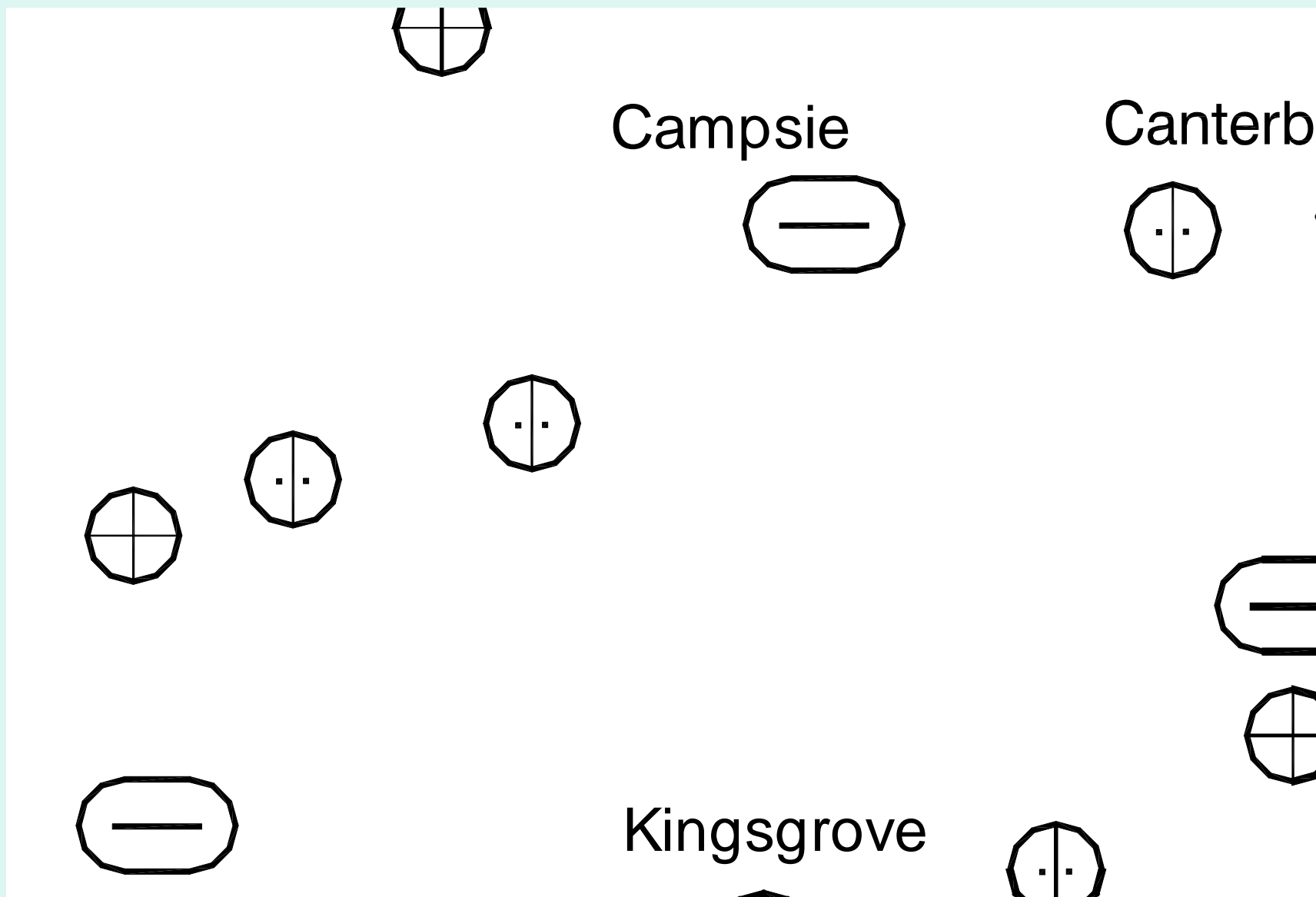
# 1.1 METROPOLITAN



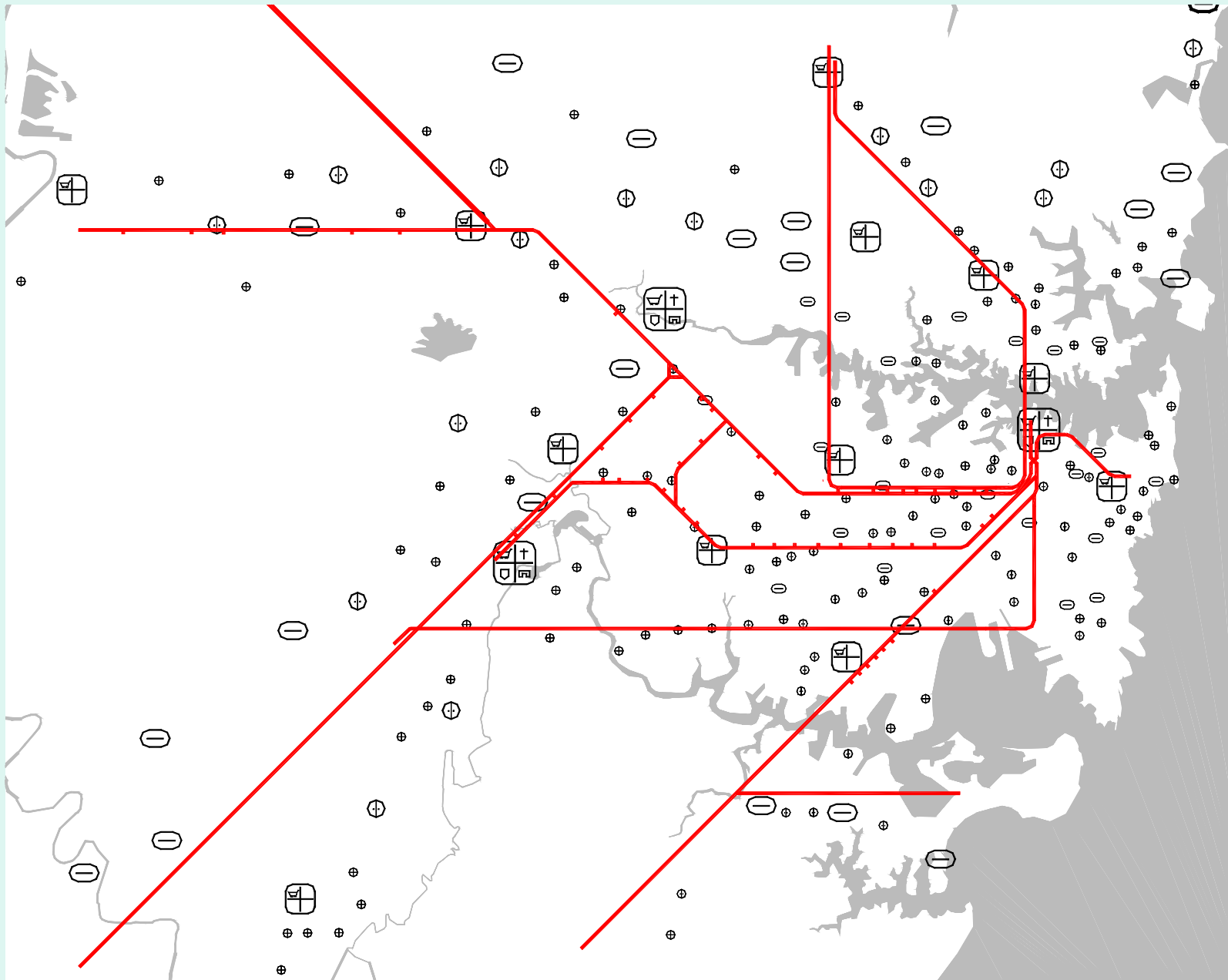
# 1.2 CANTERBURY REGION



## 1.3 CANTERBURY LOCAL

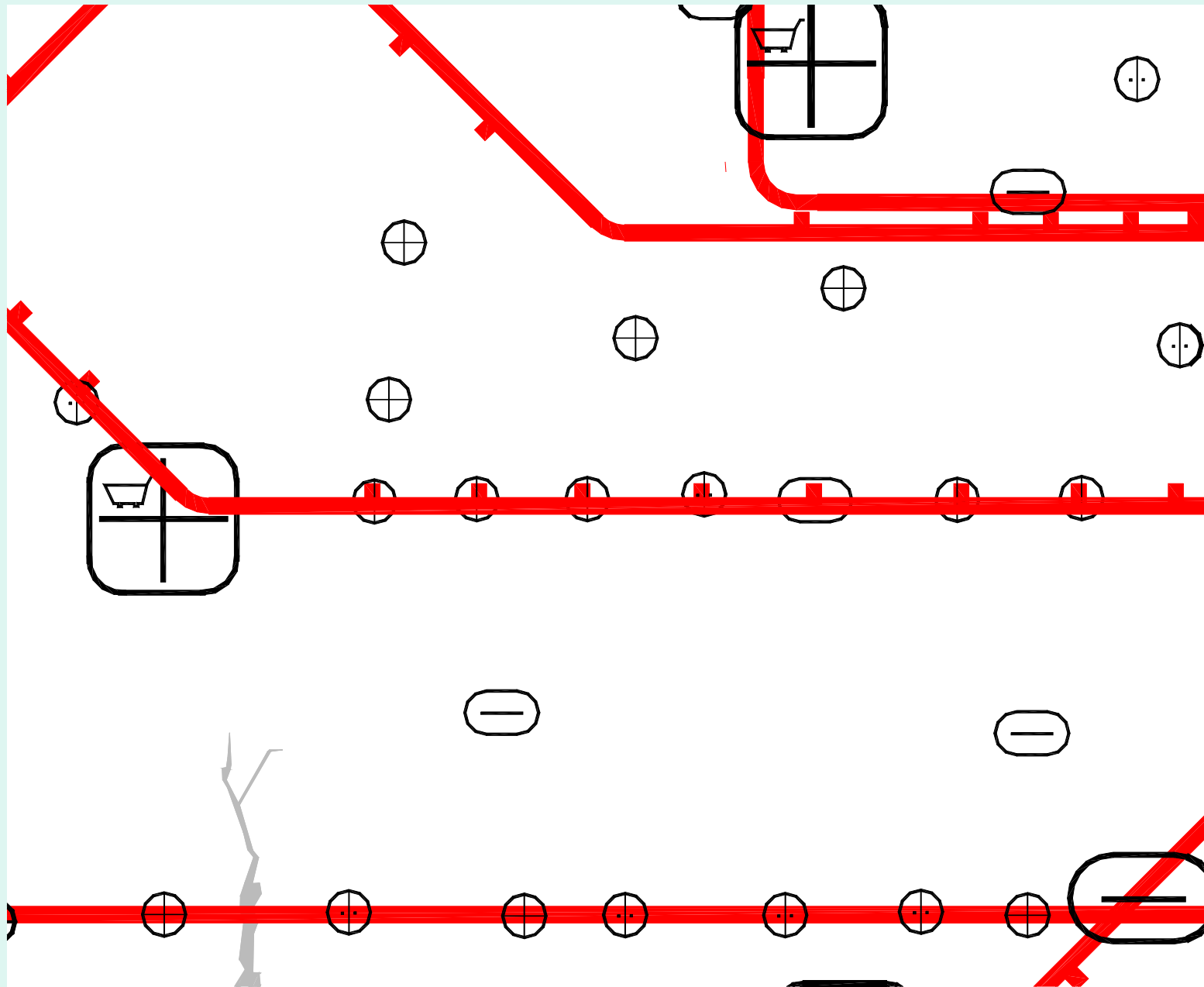


## 2.1 METROPOLITAN

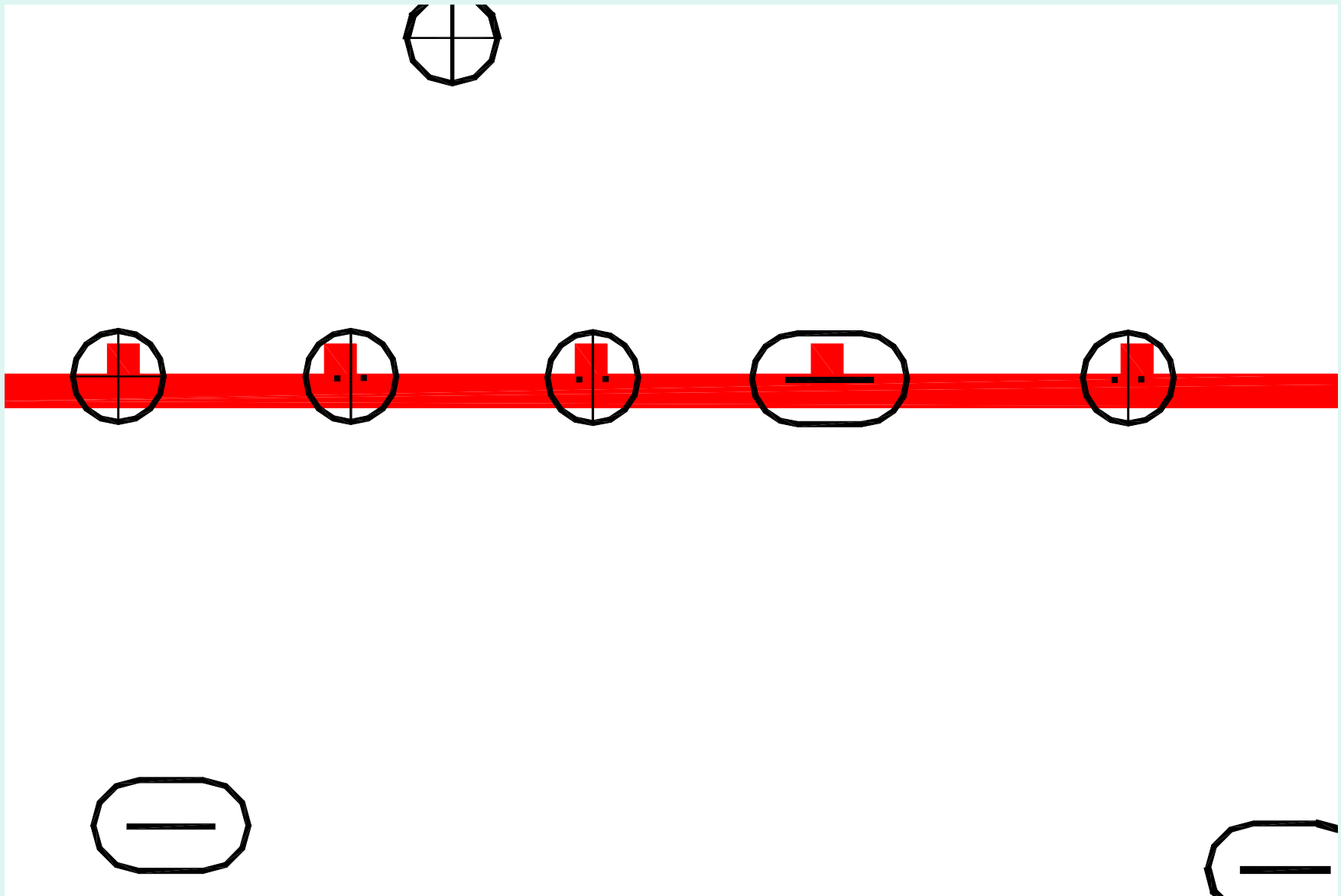




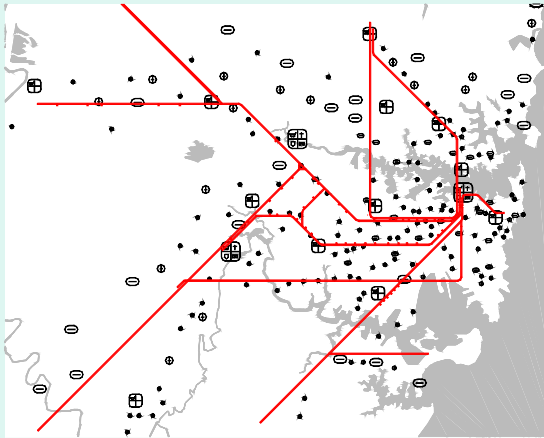
## 2.2 CANTERBURY REGION



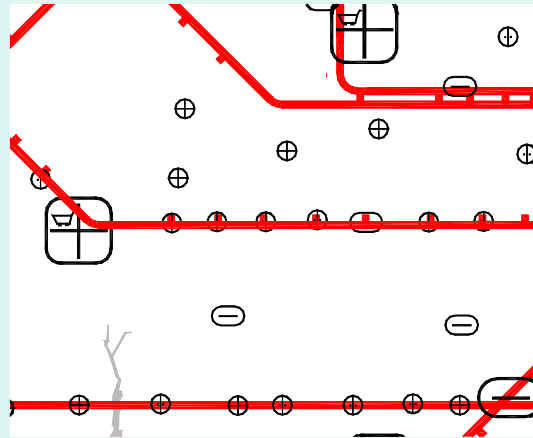
## 2.3 CANTERBURY LOCAL



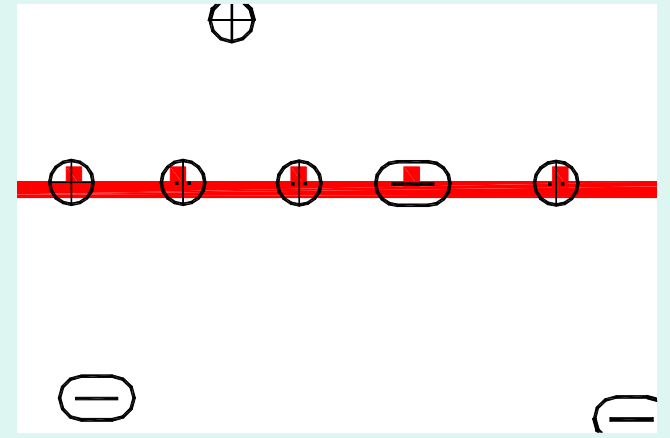
## 2.4 Proportion of Total Travel.



10% Travel



30% Travel



60% Travel

## 4. ACCESSIBILITY AND CHOICE

EXISTING TRAVEL		Existing Population	Proportion of daily trips				
			PT	Walk	Cycle	Car Passngr	Driver
	Trips per person	3.78					
	Percent by Mode		11.1%	17.4%	0.5%	21.8%	48.0%
	Trips by Mode	15,498,000	1,726,477	2,702,851	74,080	3,373,320	7,435,296

## 4. ACCESSIBILITY AND CHOICE

### 4.1 Suburbs

EXISTING TRAVEL		Existing Population	Proportion	Proportion of daily trips				
				PT	Walk	Cycle	Car Passngr	Driver
	<b>Suburb</b>	<b>2,542,000</b>	<b>62%</b>	<b>9.0%</b>	<b>13.0%</b>	<b>0.4%</b>	<b>25.5%</b>	<b>50.9%</b>
	<b>Total</b>	<b>4,100,000</b>		<b>SYDNEY AVERAGE</b>				
	<b>Trips per person</b>	<b>3.78</b>						
	<b>Percent by Mode</b>			<b>11.1%</b>	<b>17.4%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>21.8%</b>	<b>48.0%</b>
	<b>Trips by Mode</b>	<b>15,498,000</b>		<b>1,726,477</b>	<b>2,702,851</b>	<b>74,080</b>	<b>3,373,320</b>	<b>7,435,296</b>

About 62% of the residents of Sydney live in disconnected suburbs.

## 4. ACCESSIBILITY AND CHOICE

### 4.2 Railway Towns

EXISTING TRAVEL	Existing Population	Proportion	Proportion of daily trips				
			PT	Walk	Cycle	Car Passngr	Driver
Suburb	2,542,000	62%	9.0%	13.0%	0.4%	25.5%	50.9%
Railway Town	287,000	7%	13.0%	20.0%	0.7%	20.2%	44.9%
Total	4,100,000		SYDNEY AVERAGE				
Trips per person	3.78						
Percent by Mode			11.1%	17.4%	0.5%	21.8%	48.0%
Trips by Mode	15,498,000		1,726,477	2,702,851	74,080	3,373,320	7,435,296

About 7% of the total Sydney population live in these towns.

## 4. ACCESSIBILITY AND CHOICE

### 4.3 But Look At Walking

EXISTING TRAVEL	Existing Population	Proportion	Proportion of daily trips				
			PT	Walk	Cycle	Car Passngr	Driver
Suburb	2,542,000	62%	9.0%	13.0%	0.4%	25.5%	50.9%
Railway Town	287,000	7%	13.0%	20.0%	0.7%	20.2%	44.9%
Regional Towns & City	328,000	8%	15.0%	30.0%	0.7%	10.6%	42.5%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>4,100,000</b>		<b>SYDNEY AVERAGE</b>				
Trips per person	3.78						
Percent by Mode			11.1%	17.4%	0.5%	21.8%	48.0%
Trips by Mode	15,498,000		1,726,477	2,702,851	74,080	3,373,320	7,435,296

Some 30% of daily journeys in Regional Cities and Towns are on foot, and 20% in major towns compared to 13% in the suburbs.

## 4. ACCESSIBILITY AND CHOICE

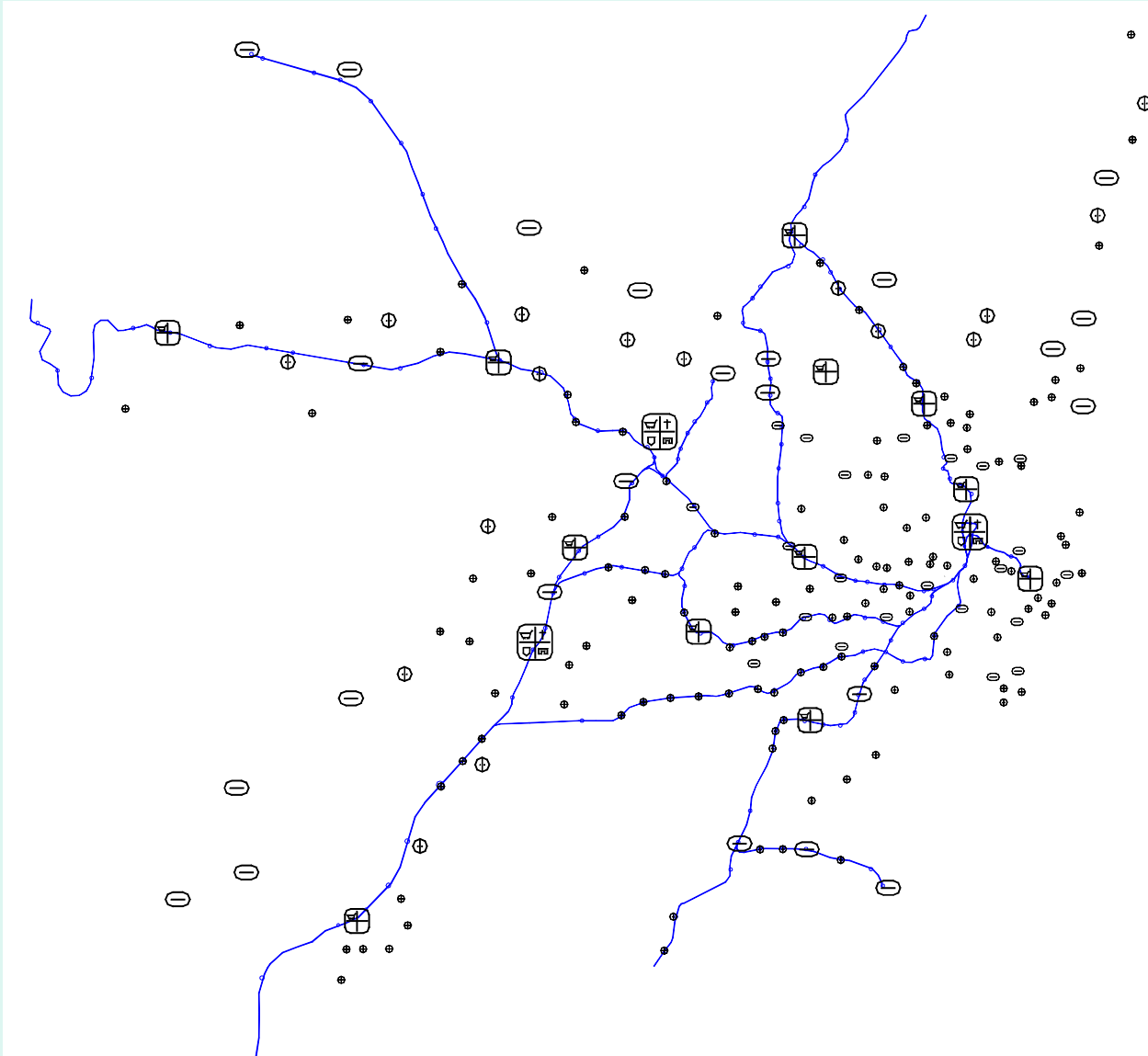
### 4.4 Some Other Statistics

- **IN THE OUTER SUBURBS ONLY 3% TRAVEL IS TO THE CITY 97% IS NOT**
- **IN THE BIGGER OUTER TOWNS SERVED BY RAIL ONLY ABOUT 6% OF TRAVEL IS TO THE CBD**
- **THIS PROPORTION INCREASES TO 16% FOR THE INNER SUBURBS**
- **NEARLY HALF THE RAIL JOURNEYS IN THE SUBURBS ARE NOT TO THE CBD THEY ARE MADE WITHIN THE REGION.**
  
- Illustrating that residents with direct access a good public transport will use it.
- But also illustrating that a few more rail line will address no more than about 10% of journeys in the suburbs.
- Also note that about 50% of travel to stations in the City occurs outside the peak period.
- **TRAINS ARE MORE THAN COMMUTER SERVICES.**



## 4. ACCESSIBILITY AND CHOICE

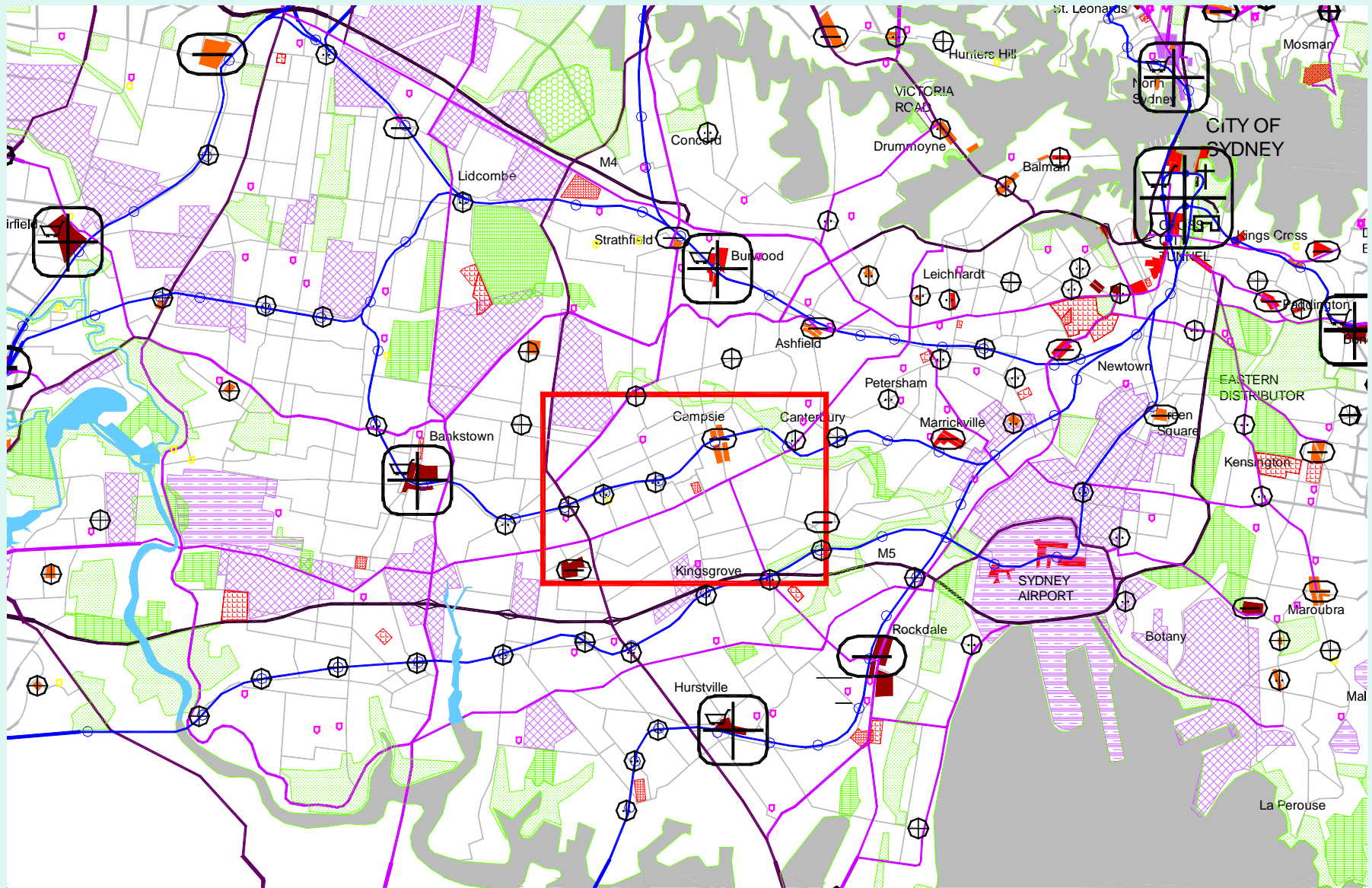
### 4.5. Corridors



22% of the population in Sydney live along busy bus roads; most not served by rail.

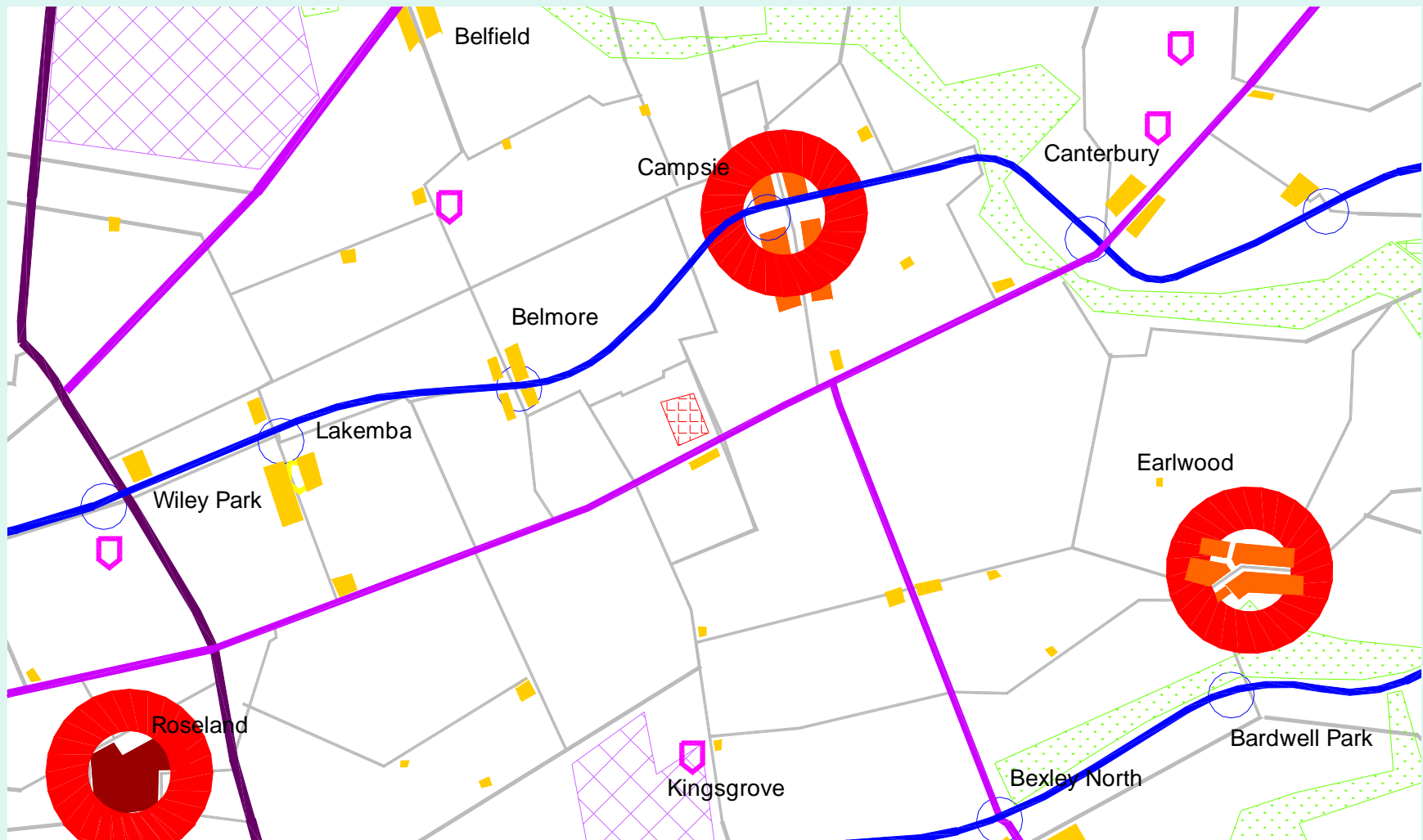
## **TURNING FROM STATISTICS TO PLACES MAKING**

# 5. CREATING LOCALES



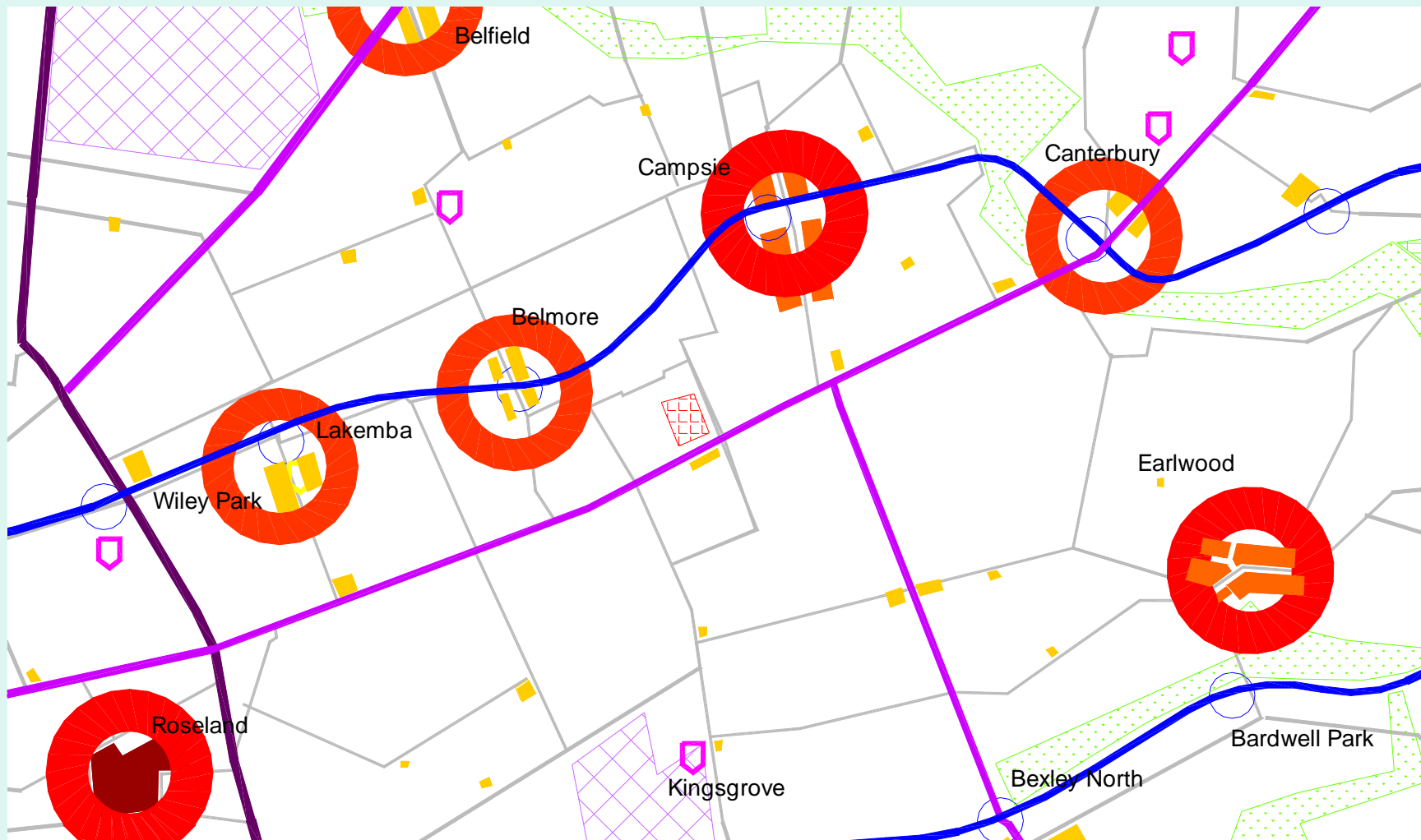
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.1 Canterbury 3 Towns well 2 plus a Galactica



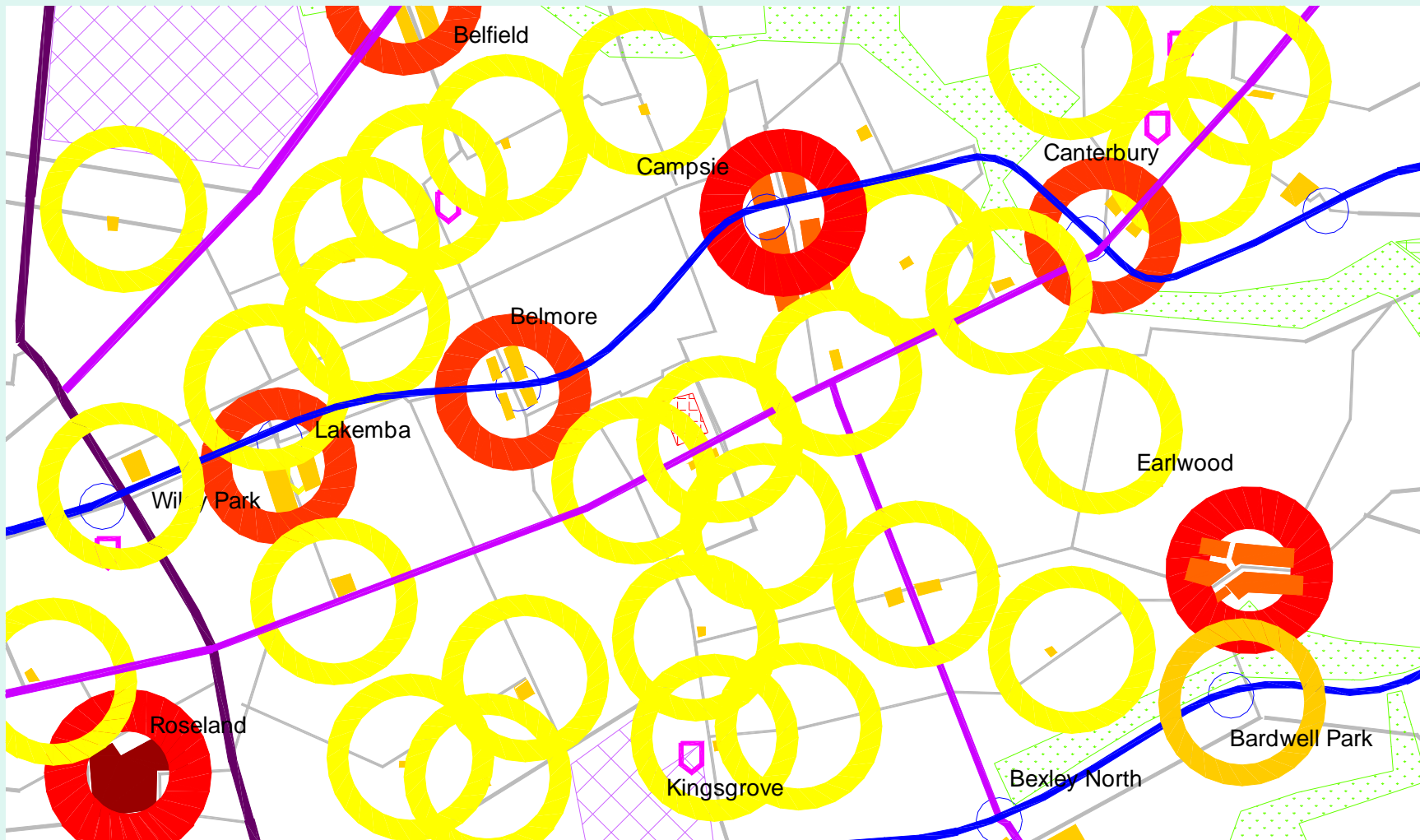
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.2 Canterbury 4 Villages - 3 rail one disconnected



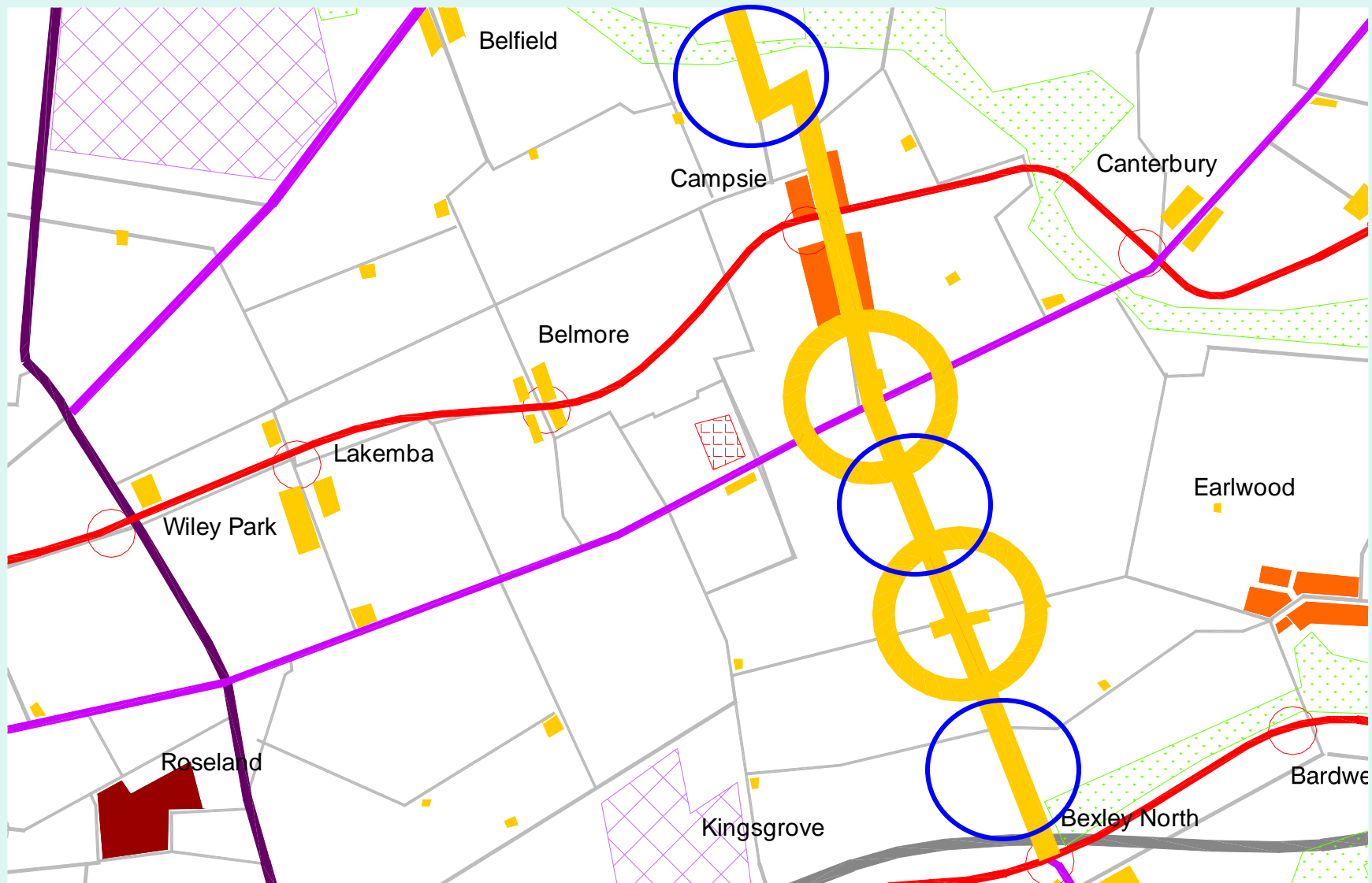
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.3 Canterbury 28 Corner Shops



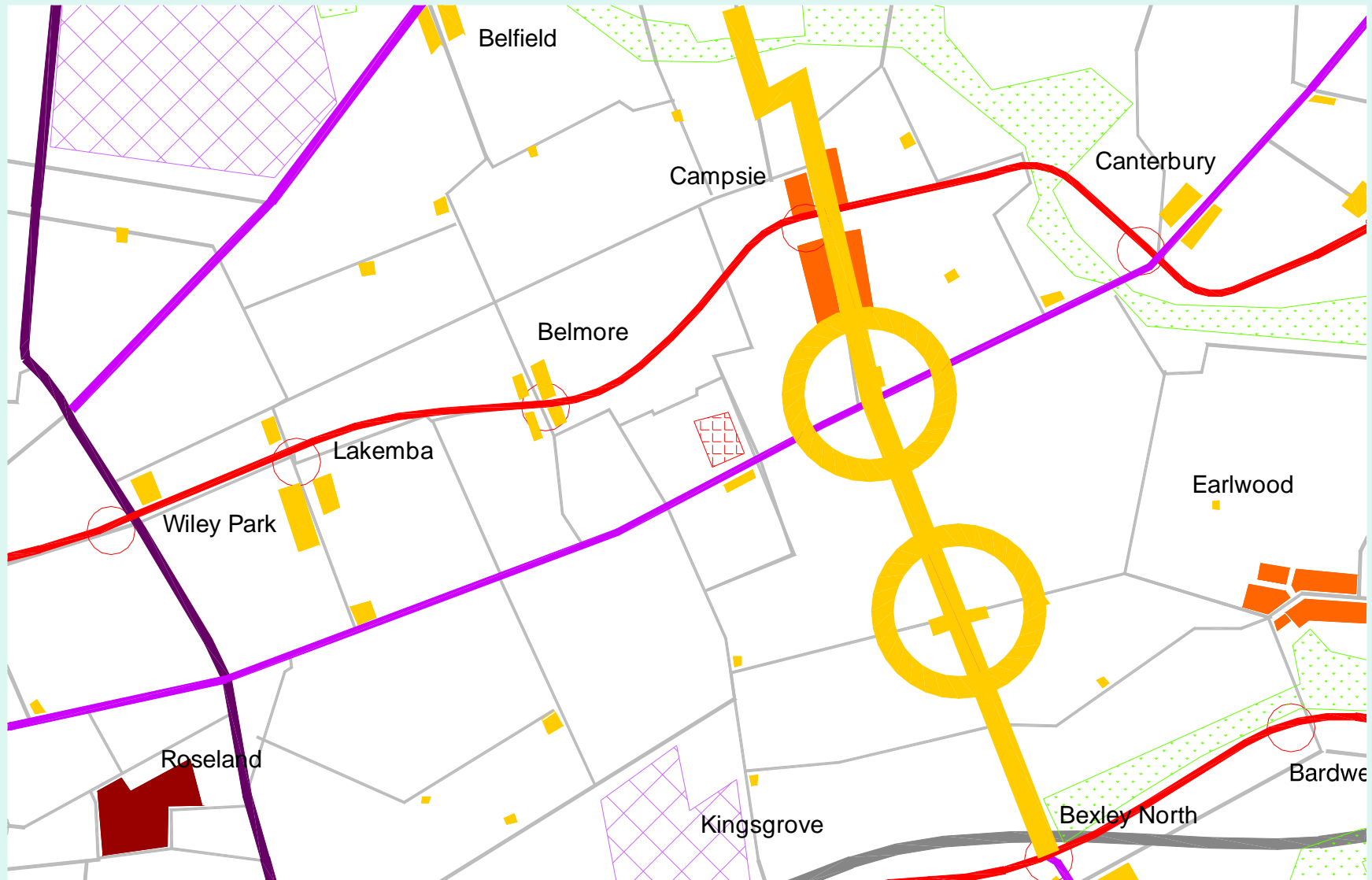
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.4 The 400 Bus and 3 stops (BLUE)



# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.5 The 400 Bus and New Places





## 5. CREATING LOCALES

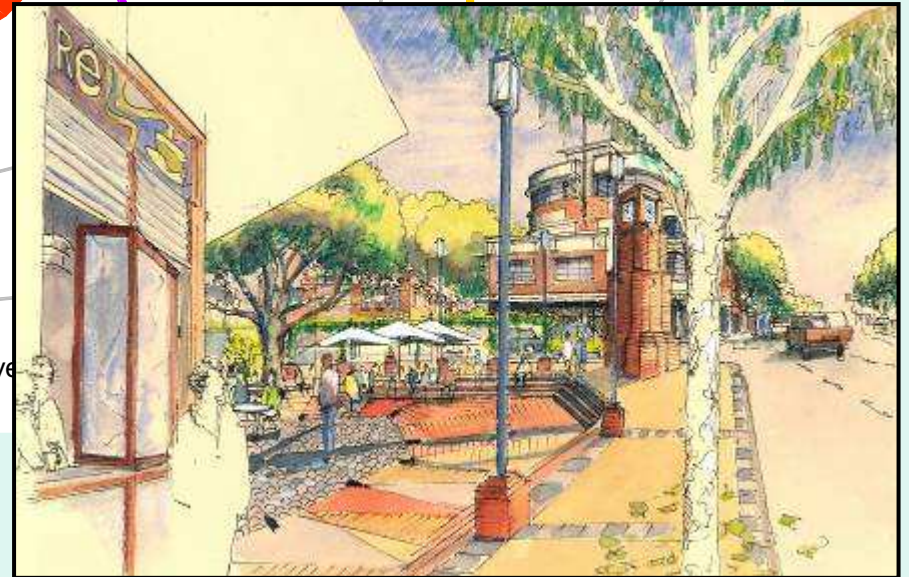
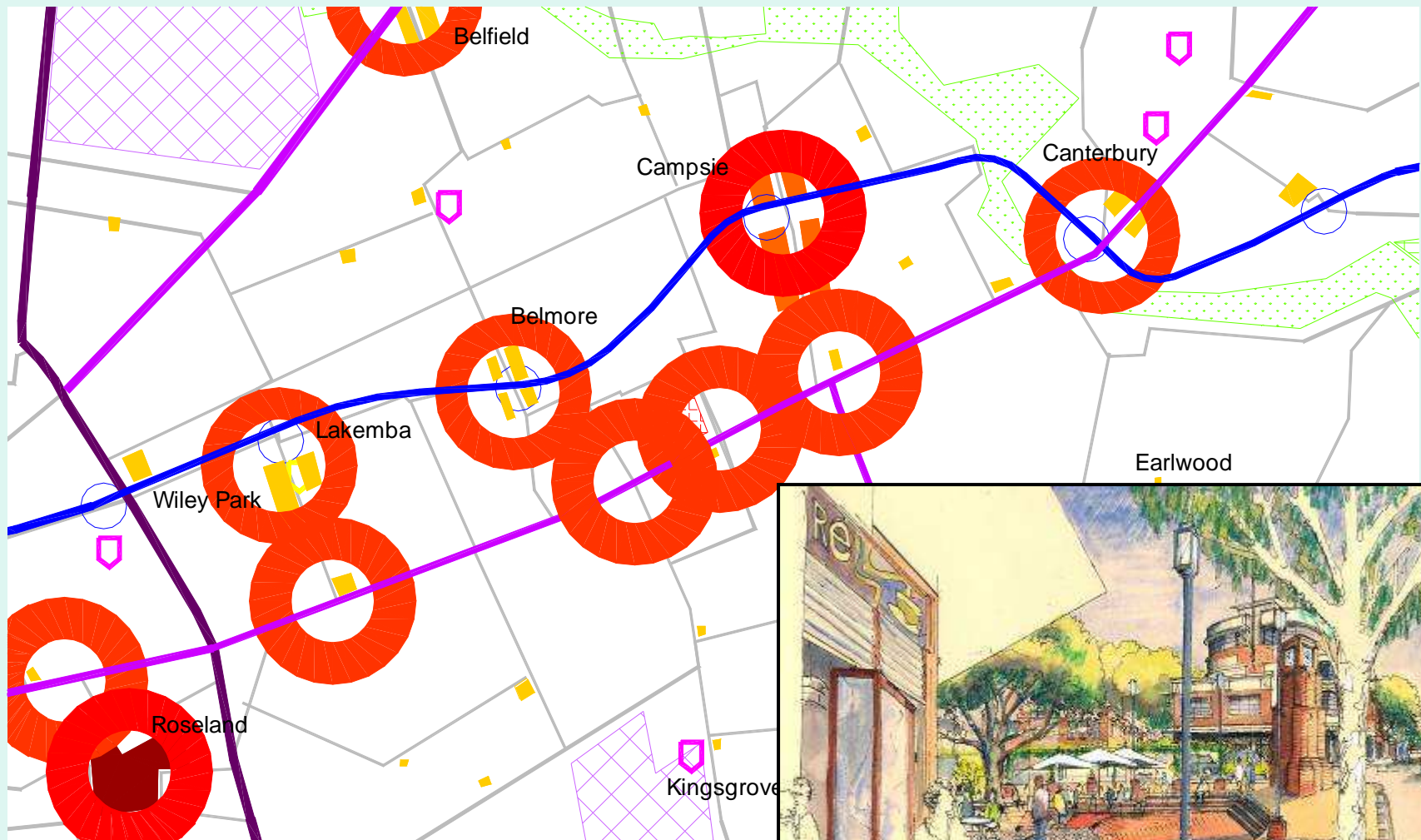
### 5.6 “Places” in Los Angeles



- Bus activity supports local shops not by bringing customers on a special trip but by bringing passengers to the shop on the way somewhere else.
- “Places” are the Servos of the bus passengers.
- “Places” start form the bottom up, the school gate and the ice lolly shop.
- “Places” create the interest for residents moving on foot up towards the Villages and Towns.
- The MetroWeb contribution is creating opportunities where two routes cross, some of these are the potential “Places” of the future.

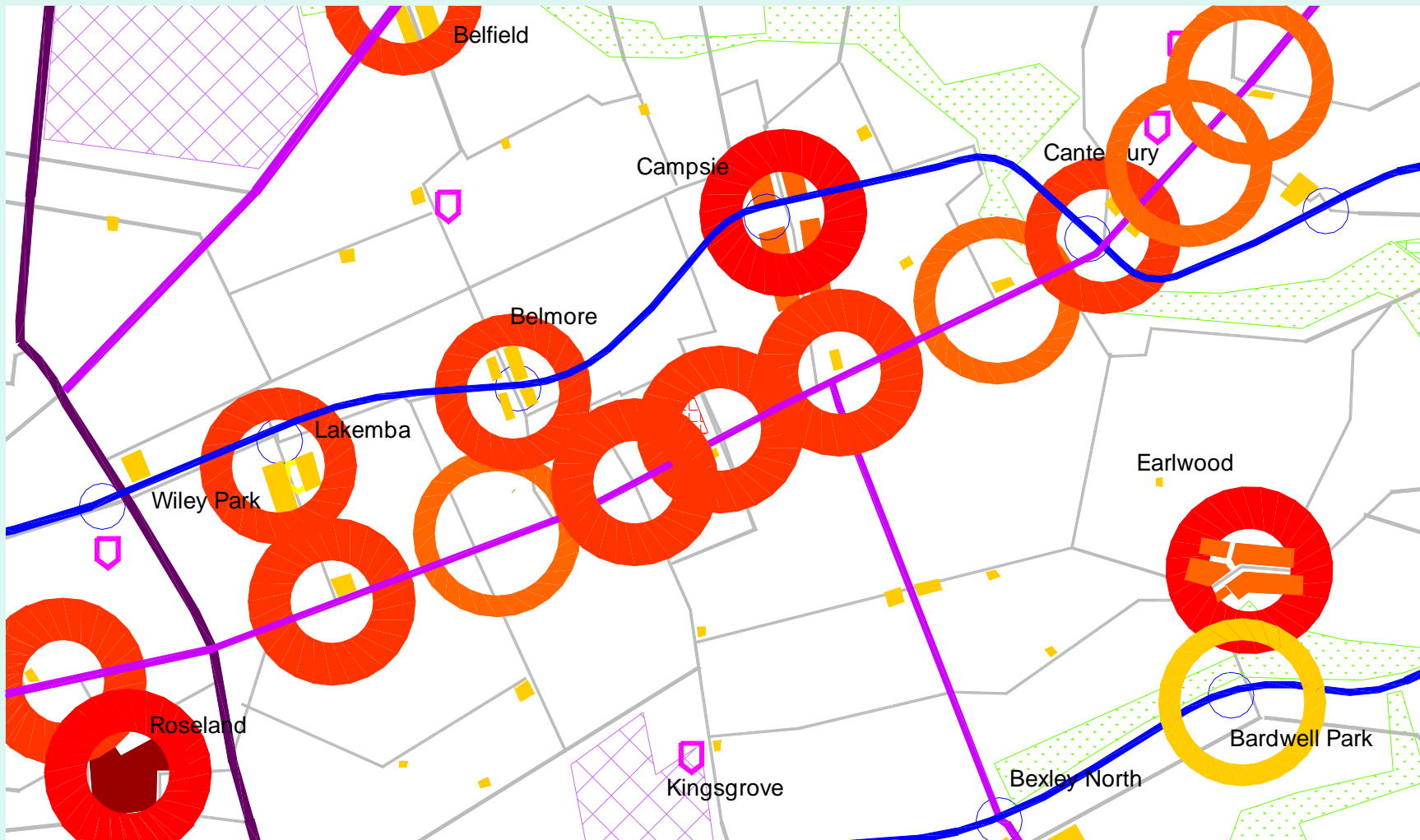
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.7 Canterbury Road – 5 Villages



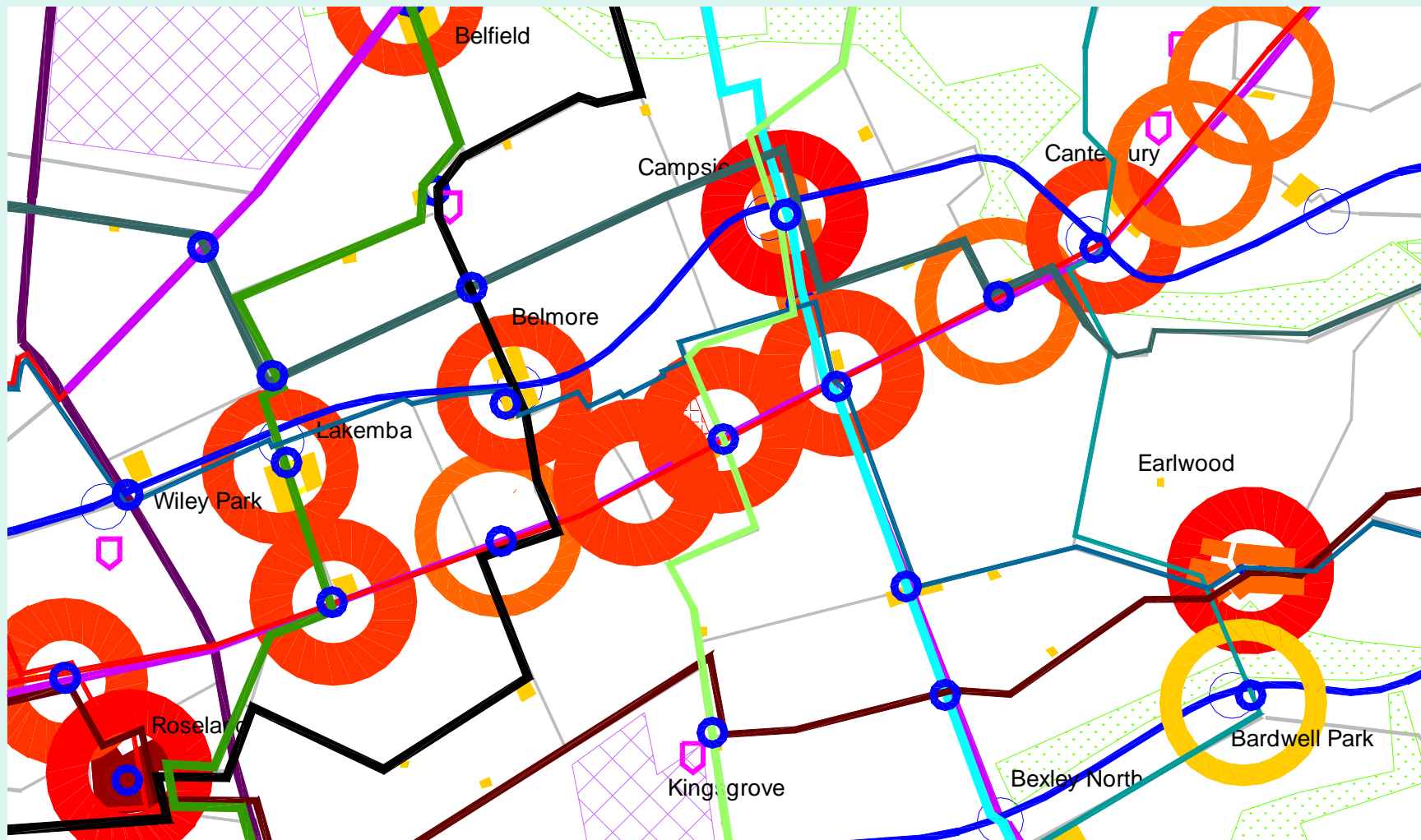
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.8 Canterbury Road – 4 Places



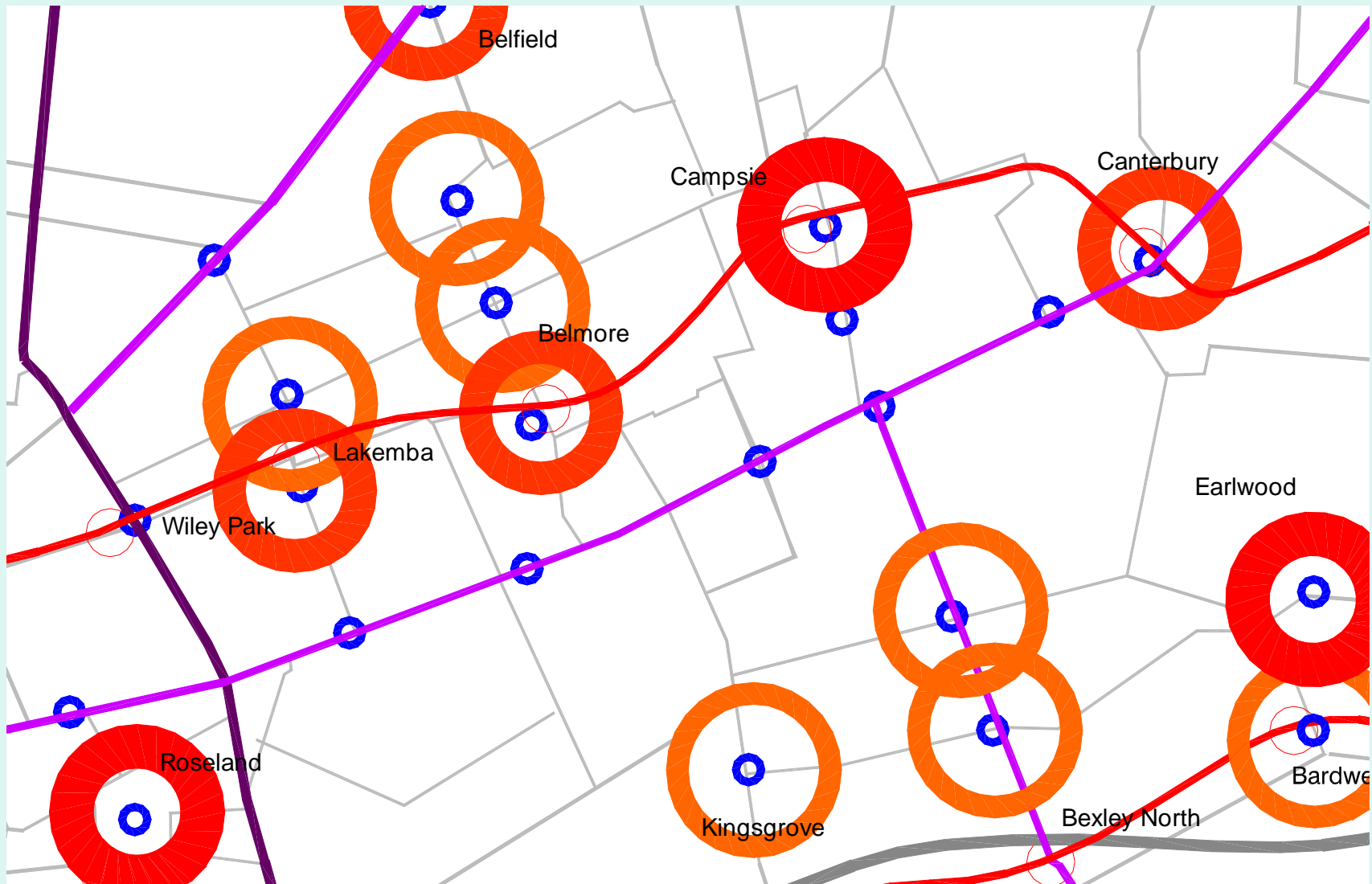
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.9 MetroWeb and Places



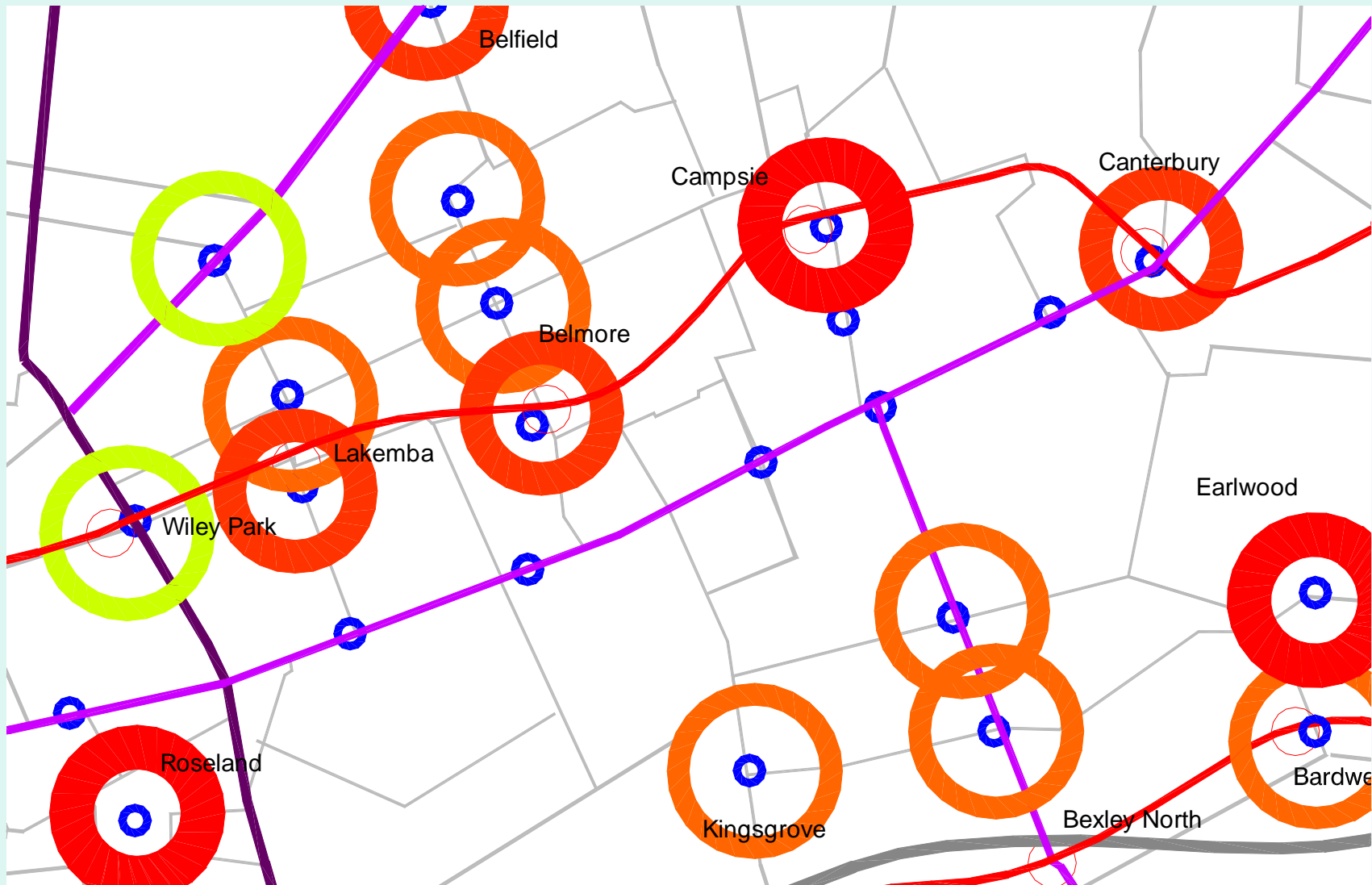
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.10 MetroWeb and Places



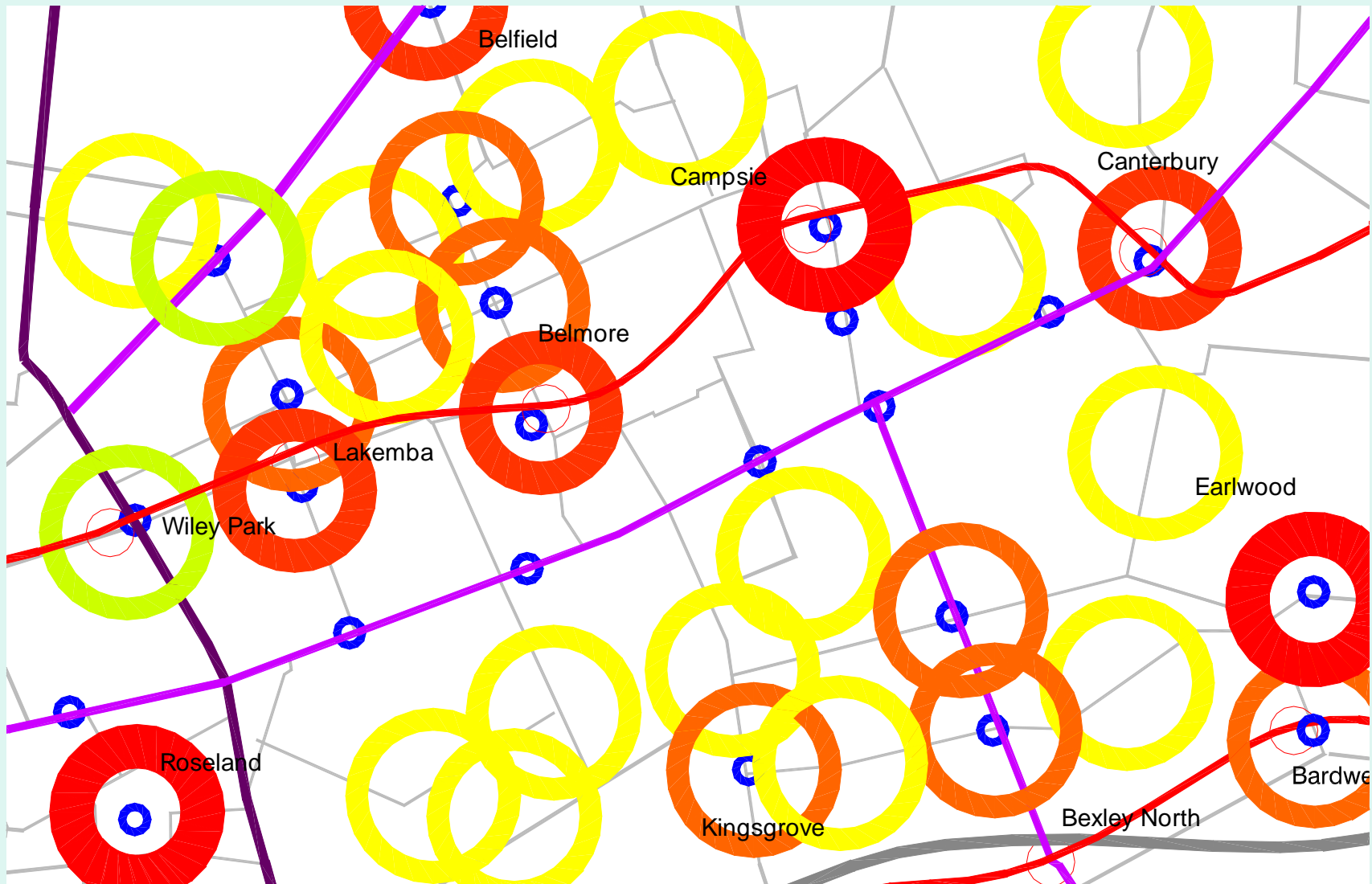
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.11 MetroWeb and Rejected Places



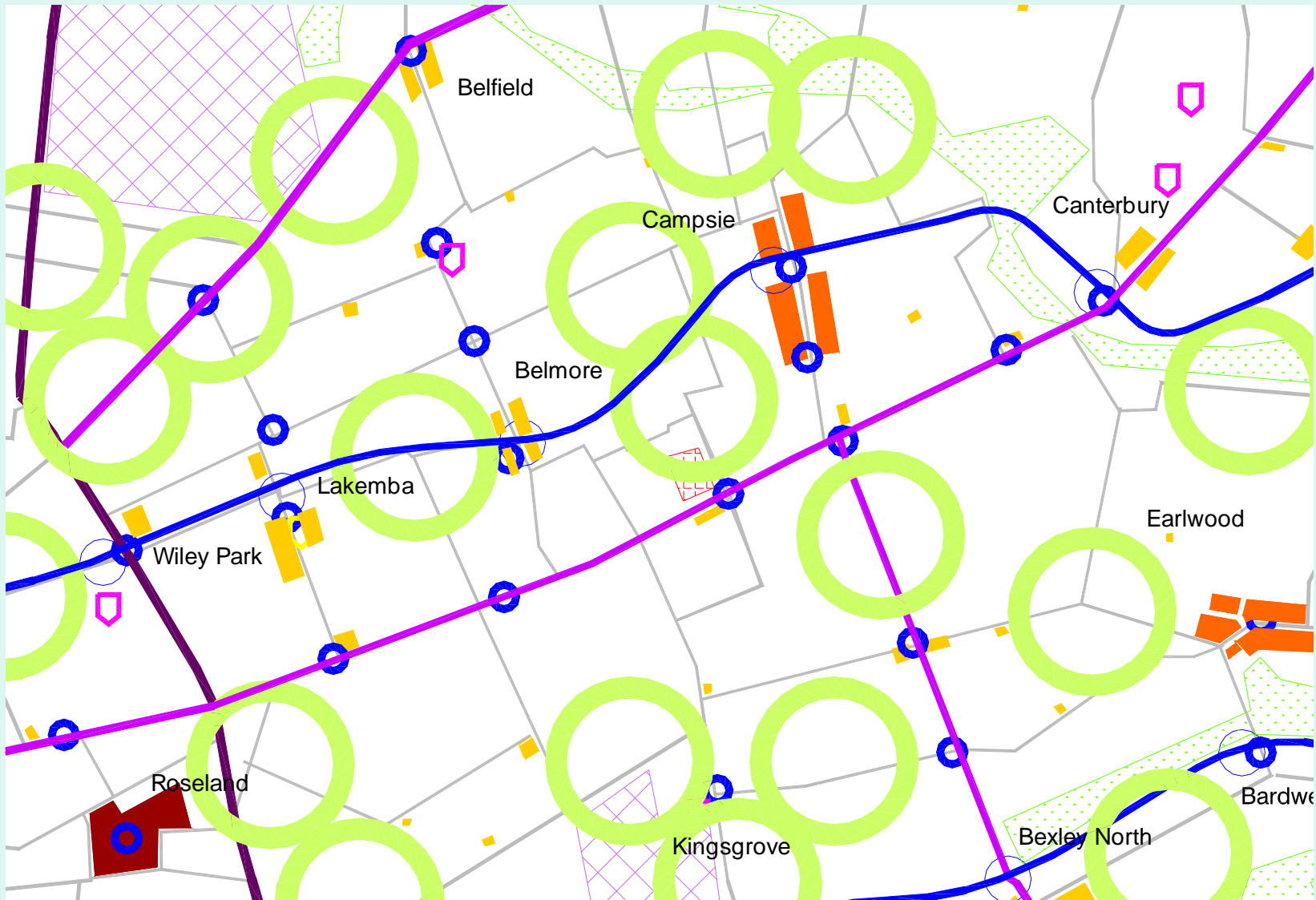
# 5. CREATING LOCALES

## 5.12 MetroWeb and Corner Shops



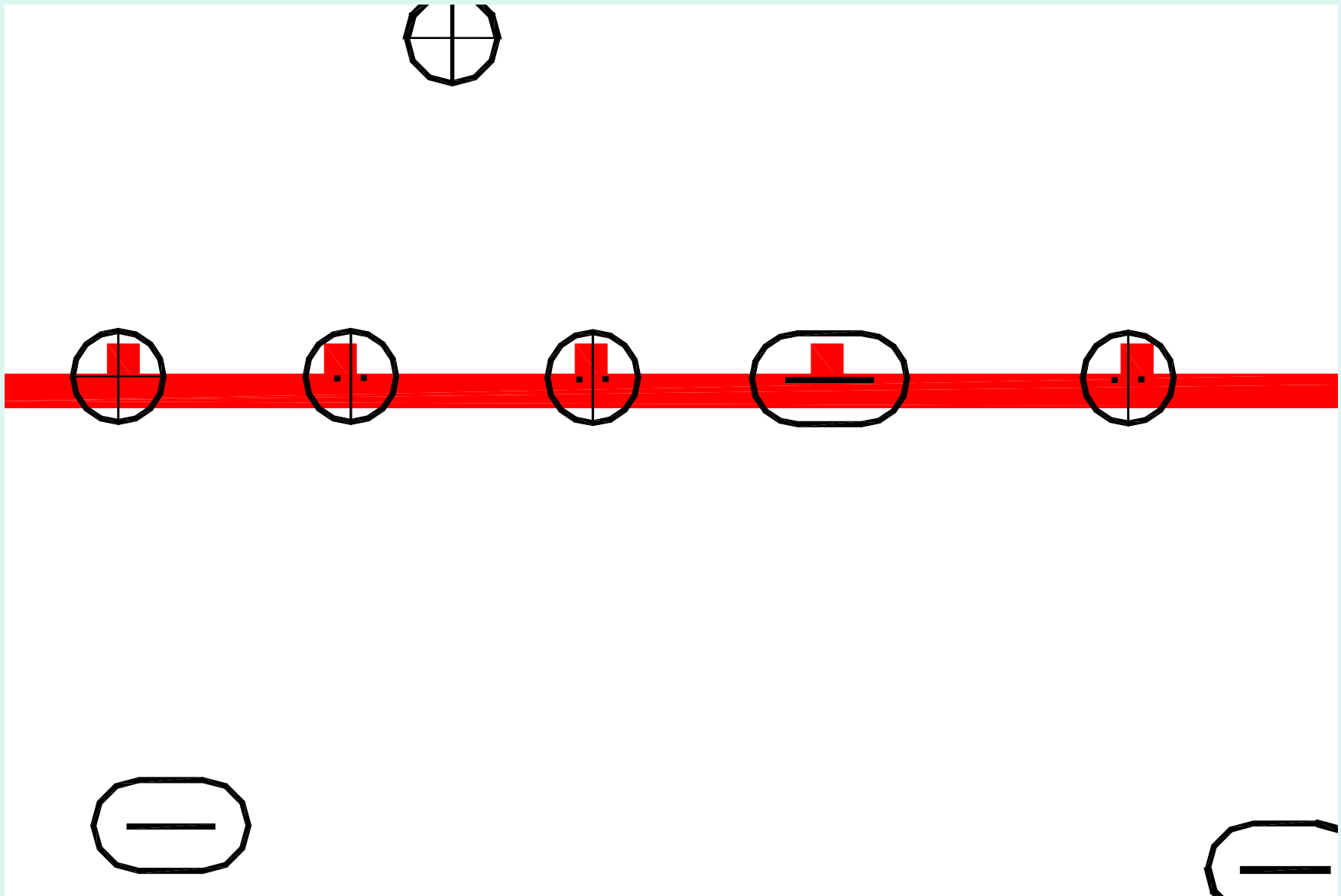
## 5. CREATING LOCALES

### 5.13 MetroWeb Stops Complete the Picture

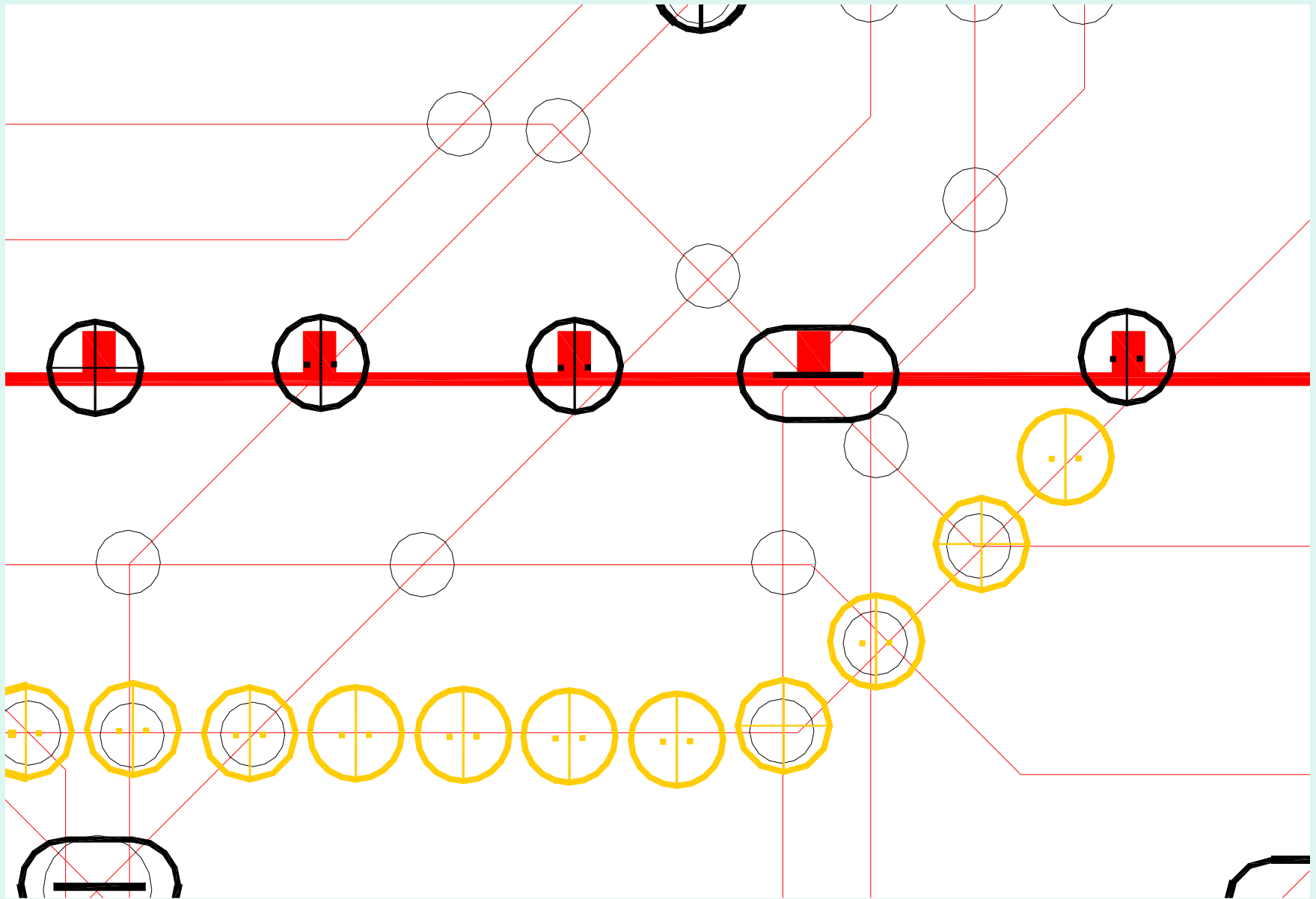




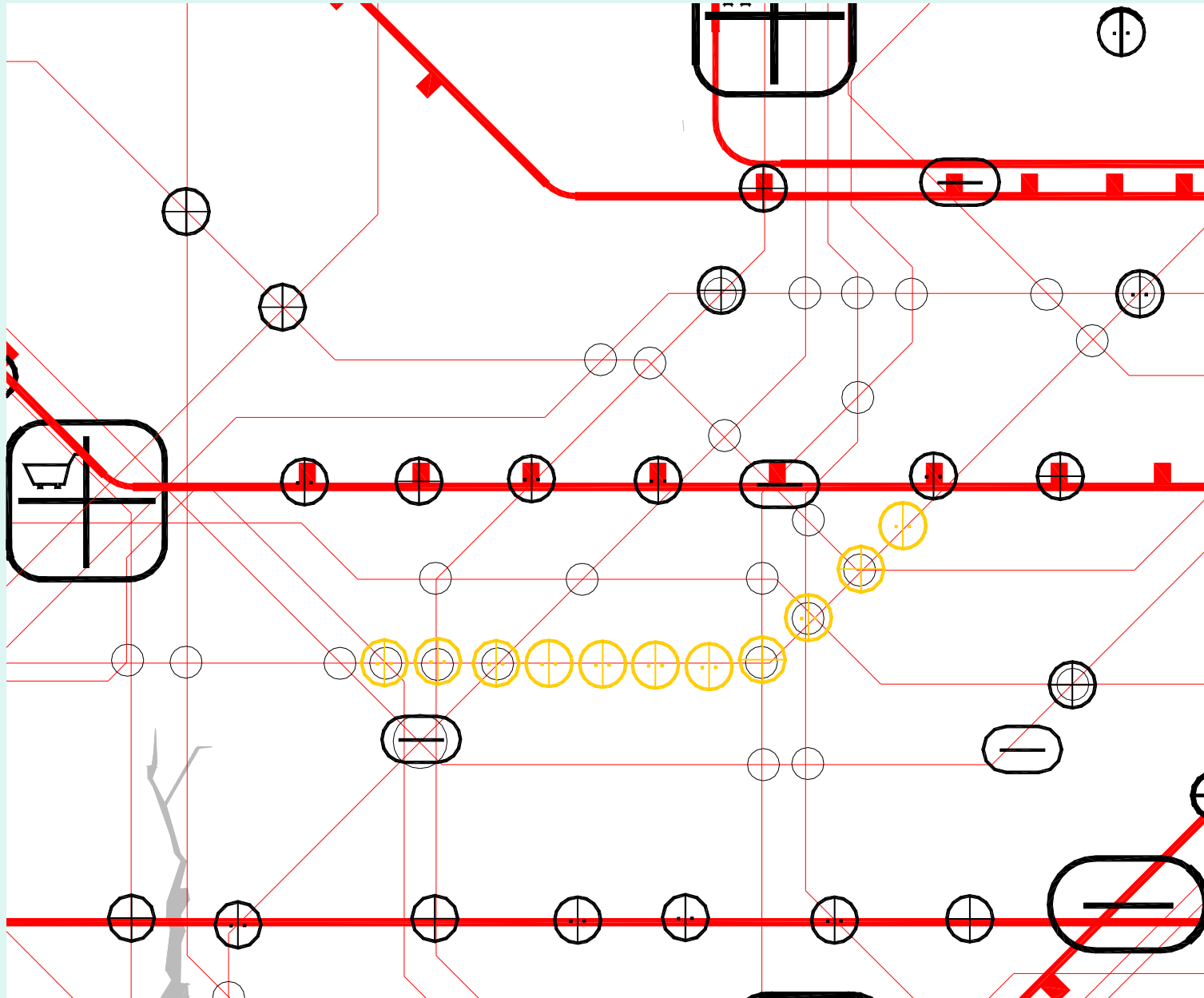
## 5.14 CANTERBURY LOCAL



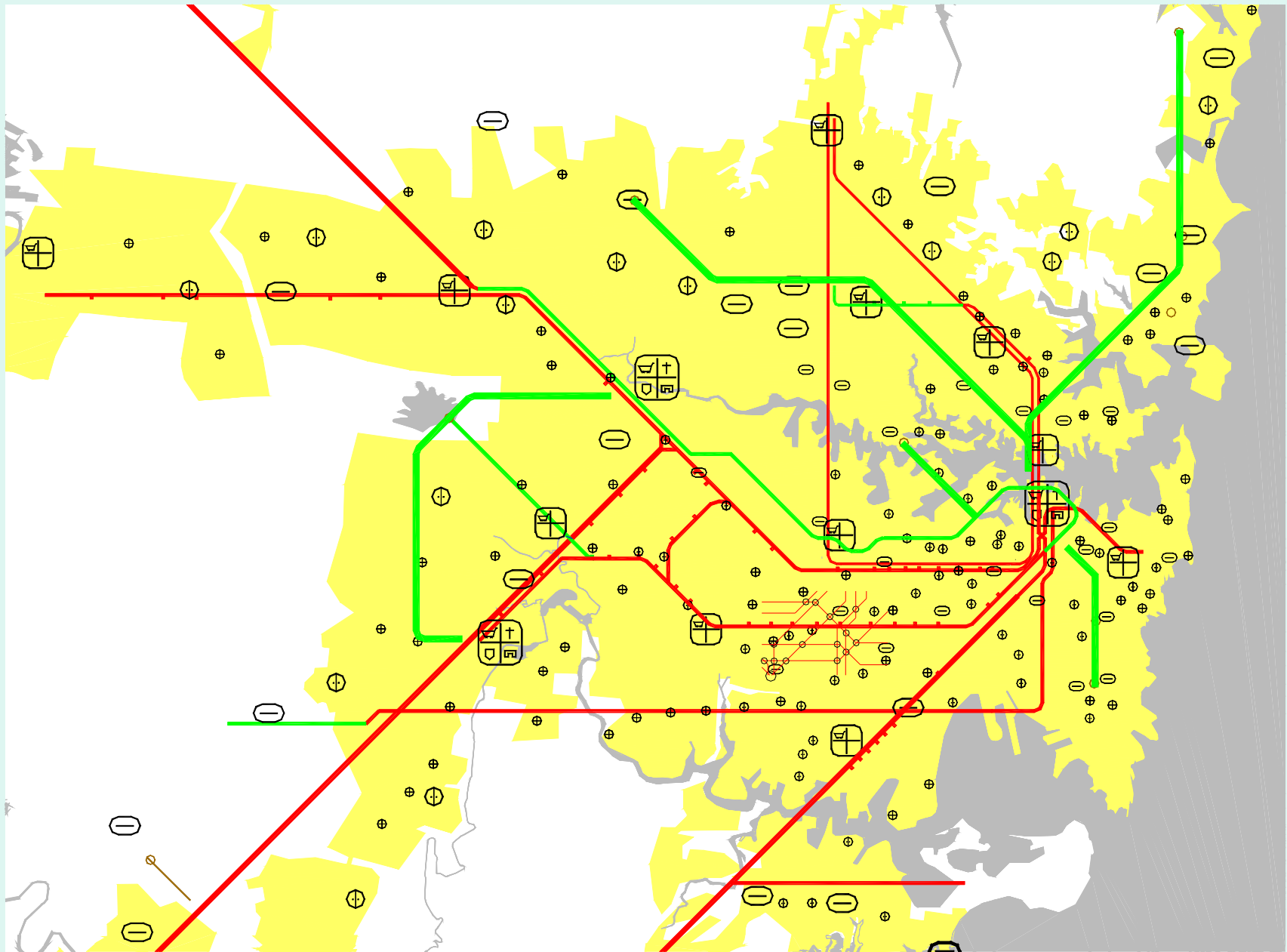
## 5.15 LOCAL Connections



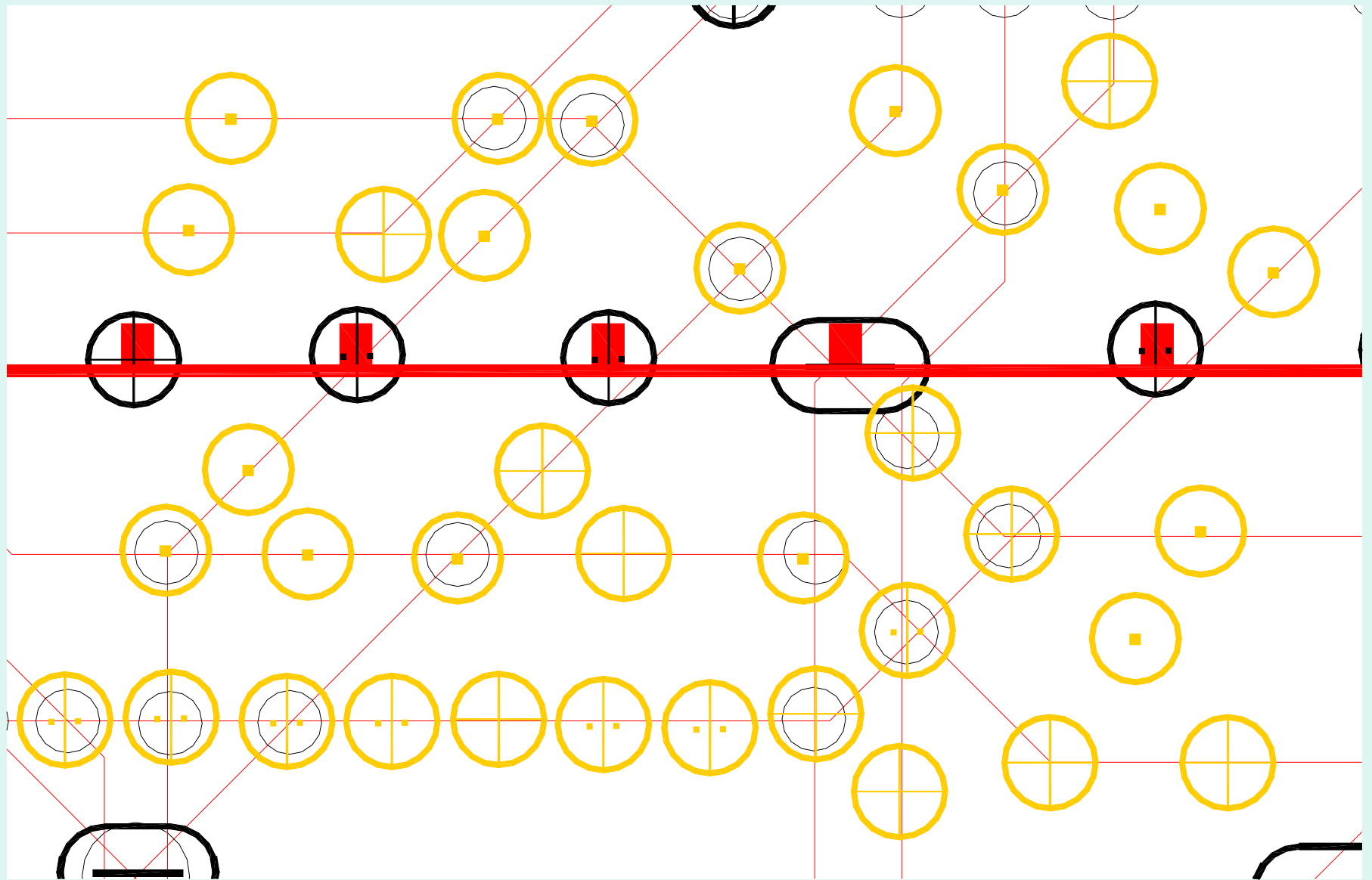
## 5.16 REGIONAL MetroWeb



## 5.17 METROPOLITAN LINKS

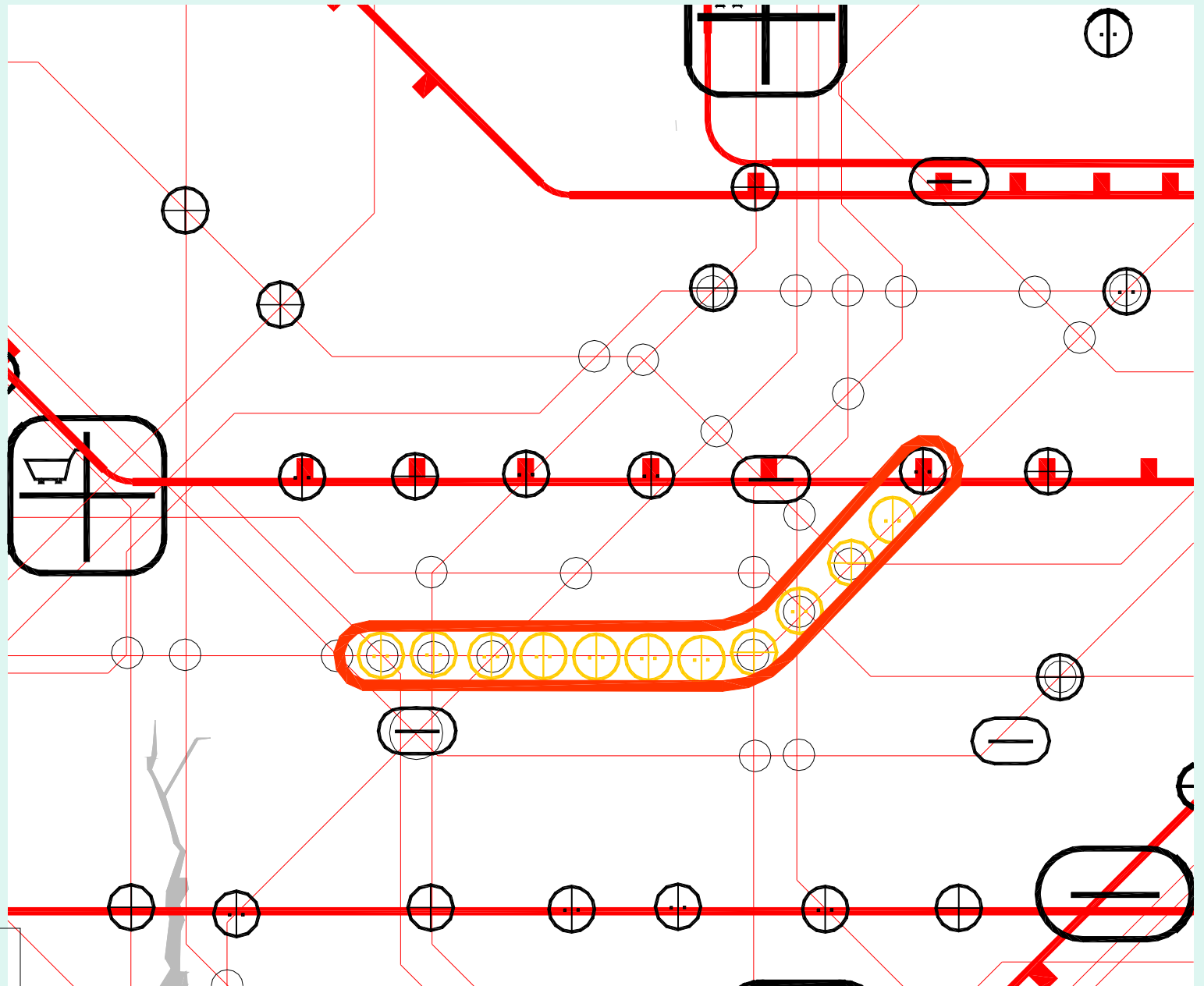


## 5.18 CORNERS AND PLACES



28 New Corner Shops and Places

# 5.19 ACTIVE CORRIDORS



Active Strips

## 6. ACCOMMODATING 1.5 MILLION PEOPLE

### 6.1

POPULATION		EXISTING	EXISTING
		Cities	SUBURBS
		Towns Villages	
<b>EXISTING</b>			
Population	4,100,000	1,058,000 26%	2,744,970 67%

# 6. ACCOMMODATING 1.5 MILLION PEOPLE

## 6.2 Green Fields and Corridors

POPULATION	EXISTING	PROJECTS	GREEN FIELDS	CORRIDORS					MAYBE	NEW MetroWeb Places	EXISTING SUBURBS
	Cities			Parramatta	Southern	Canterbury	Victoria	WesternHw			
	Towns Villages										
<b>EXISTING</b>											
Population	4,100,000										
	1,058,000 26%	30 0%	0 0%	40,000 1%	20,000 0%	9,000 0%	50,000 1%	10,000 0%	168,000 4%	2,744,970 67%	
<b>ADDITIONAL POPULATION</b>											
Target Increase	1,495,000										
	408,250	30,000	506,000	100,000	60,000	18,000	30,000	30,000	112,000	Deficit 200,750	
Percent Metropolitan Increase	27%	2%	34%	7%	4%	1%	2%	2%	7%	13%	



# 6. ACCOMMODATING 1.5 MILLION PEOPLE

## 6.3 An indulgent aside

POPULATION		EXISTING	PROJECTS	GREEN FIELDS	CORRIDORS					MAYBE	NEW MetroWeb	EXISTING SUBURBS	NEW DA's
		Cities			<i>Parramatta</i>	<i>Southern</i>	<i>Canterbury</i>	<i>Victoria</i>	<i>WesternHw</i>	Places			
		Towns Villages											
<b>EXISTING</b>													
Population	4,100,000	1,058,000 26%	30 0%	0 0%	40,000 1%	20,000 0%	9,000 0%	50,000 1%	10,000 0%	168,000 4%	2,744,970 67%		
ADDITIONAL POPULATION													
Target Increase	1,495,000	408,250	30,000	506,000	100,000	60,000	18,000	30,000	30,000	112,000	Deficit 200,750		40150
Percent Metropolitan Increase		27%	2%	34%	7%	4%	1%	2%	2%	7%	13%		

Proportion that must redevelop 1.5%

## 6. ACCOMMODATING 1.5 MILLION PEOPLE

### 6.4 Impact of MetroWeb Alone

<b>EXISTING</b>	<b>Trips per person</b>	<b>3.78</b>					
	<b>Percent by Mode</b>		<b>11.1%</b>	<b>17.4%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>21.8%</b>	<b>48.0%</b>
	<b>Trips by Mode</b>	<b>15,498,000</b>	<b>1,726,477</b>	<b>2,702,851</b>	<b>74,080</b>	<b>3,373,320</b>	<b>7,435,296</b>
<b>WEB IMPACT</b>	<b>Percent by Mode</b>		<b>15.4%</b>	<b>20.0%</b>	<b>0.6%</b>	<b>19%</b>	<b>44%</b>
<b>NO OTHER CHANGE</b>	<b>Difference in number of trips</b>		<b>660,215</b>	<b>402,948</b>	<b>12,553</b>	<b>-421,489</b>	<b>-654,227</b>
	<b>Difference from existing (if independent)</b>		<b>138%</b>	<b>115%</b>	<b>117%</b>	<b>88%</b>	<b>91%</b>

## 6. ACCOMMODATING 1.5 MILLION PEOPLE

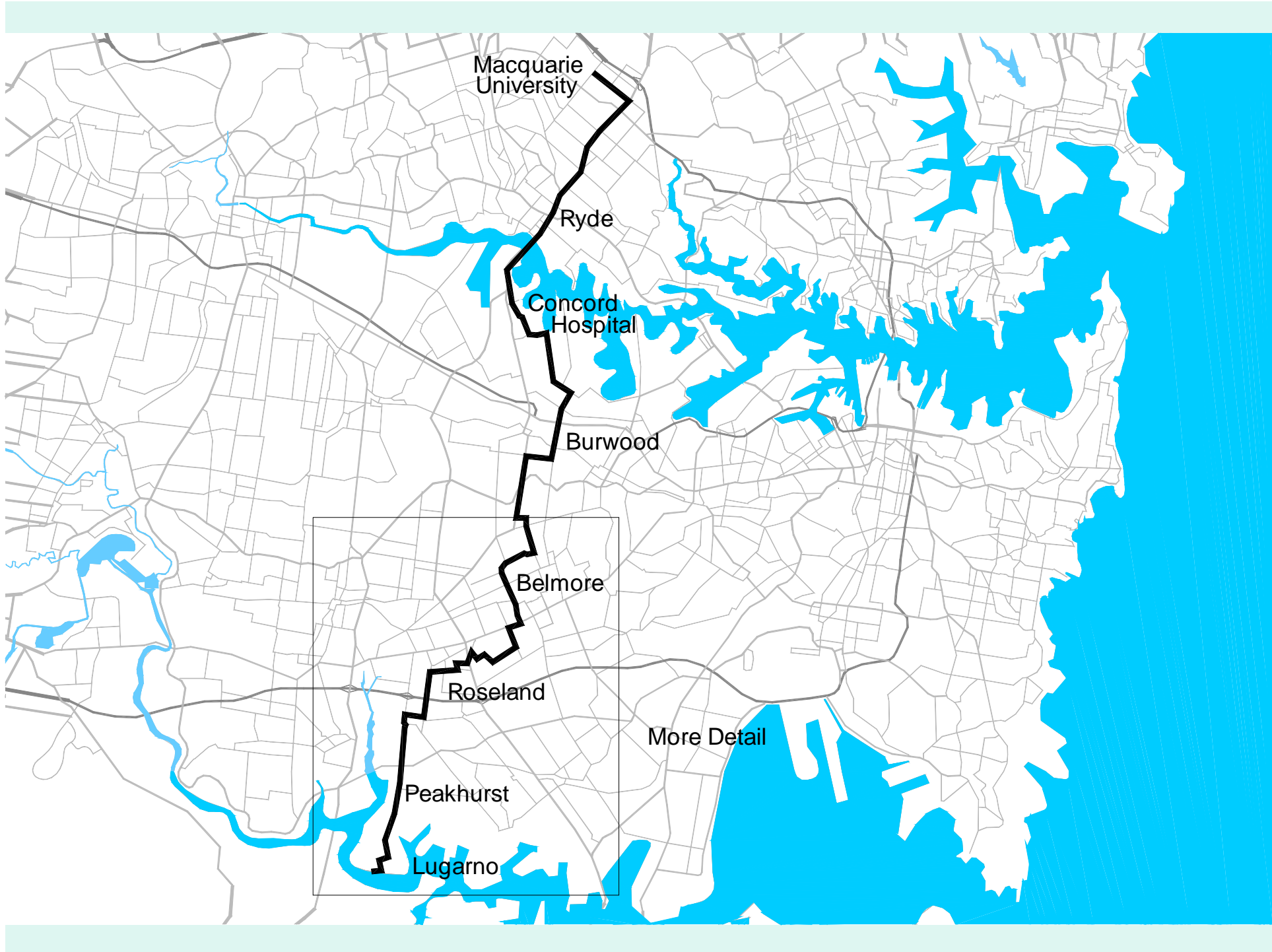
### 6.5 Impact on New Population

<b>EXISTING</b>	<b>Trips per person</b>	<b>3.78</b>					
	<b>Percent by Mode</b>		<b>11.1%</b>	<b>17.4%</b>	<b>0.5%</b>	<b>21.8%</b>	<b>48.0%</b>
	<b>Trips by Mode</b>	<b>15,498,000</b>	<b>1,726,477</b>	<b>2,702,851</b>	<b>74,080</b>	<b>3,373,320</b>	<b>7,435,296</b>
<b>NEW POPULATION ONLY</b>	<b>Percent by Mode</b>		<b>16.1%</b>	<b>22.2%</b>	<b>0.6%</b>	<b>17.1%</b>	<b>42.8%</b>
	<b>Trips by Mode</b>	<b>6,267,300</b>	<b>1,010,783</b>	<b>1,392,899</b>	<b>37,917</b>	<b>1,070,087</b>	<b>2,680,407</b>
	<b>Increase over existing</b>	<b>40%</b>	<b>59%</b>	<b>52%</b>	<b>51%</b>	<b>32%</b>	<b>36%</b>

## 6. ACCOMMODATING 1.5 MILLION PEOPLE

### 6.6 Combined Impact

EXISTING	Trips per person	3.78					
	Percent by Mode		11.1%	17.4%	0.5%	21.8%	48.0%
	Trips by Mode	15,498,000	1,726,477	2,702,851	74,080	3,373,320	7,435,296
COMBINED	Population	5,707,000					
	Percent by Mode		15.6%	20.7%	0.6%	18.5%	43.5%
	Trips by Mode	22,257,300	3,473,243	4,597,295	127,301	4,115,627	9,676,748
	Increase over existing demands	144%	201%	170%	172%	122%	130%



Burwood

Bus Turnaround



Corner Shop - Forest Rd

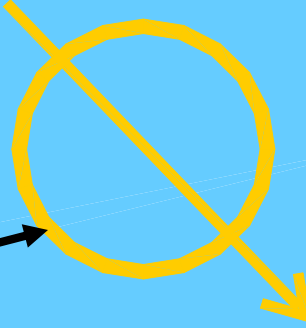


Corner Shop - Forest Rd

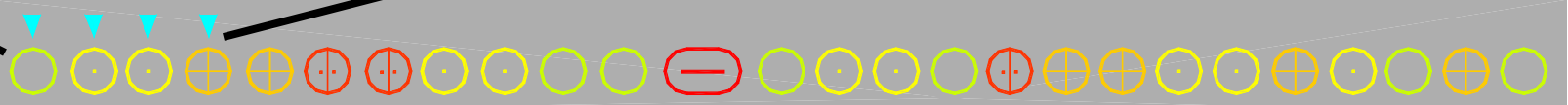
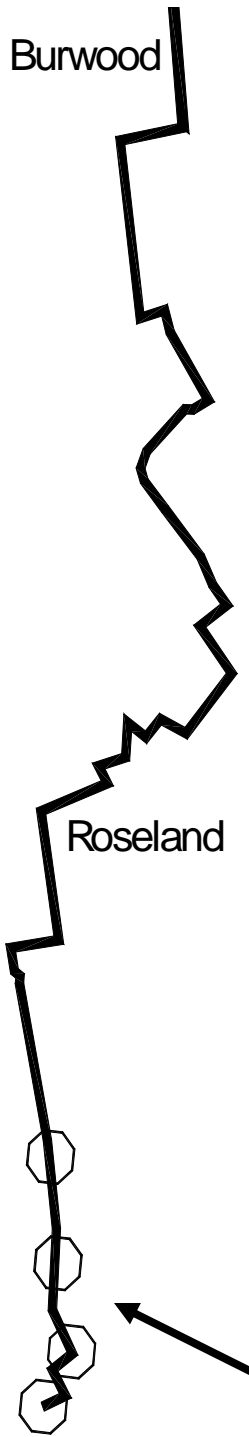


Corner Shop & Interchange

Roseland



Hurstville Airport



Burwood

School

Riverwood Station

Club

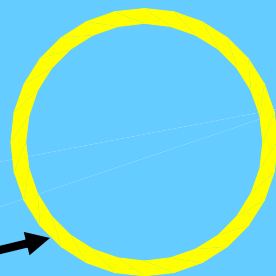
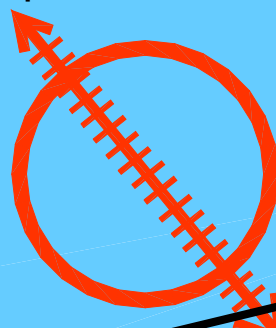
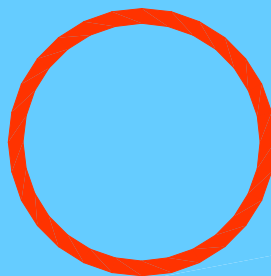
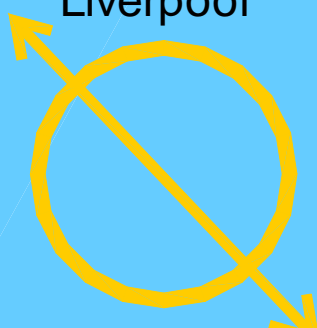


Shopping Village

Roseland

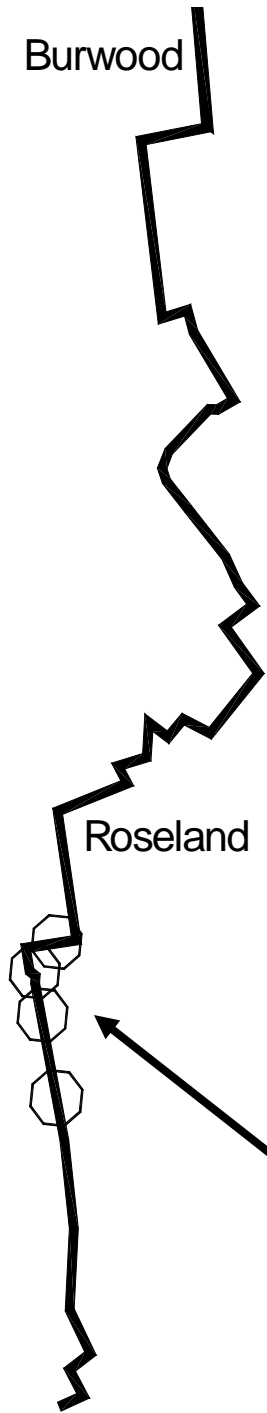
Uni WS / Milpera  
Liverpool

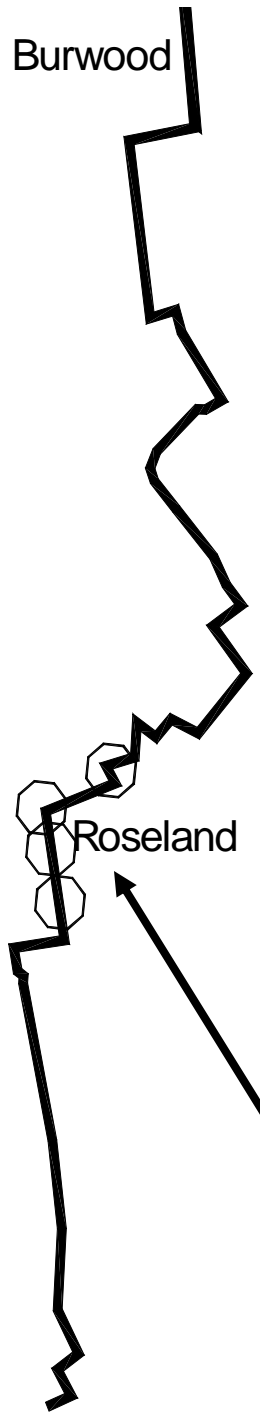
Campbelltown




Hurstville  
San Souci Beach

City







**Corner Shop**




**Stop**



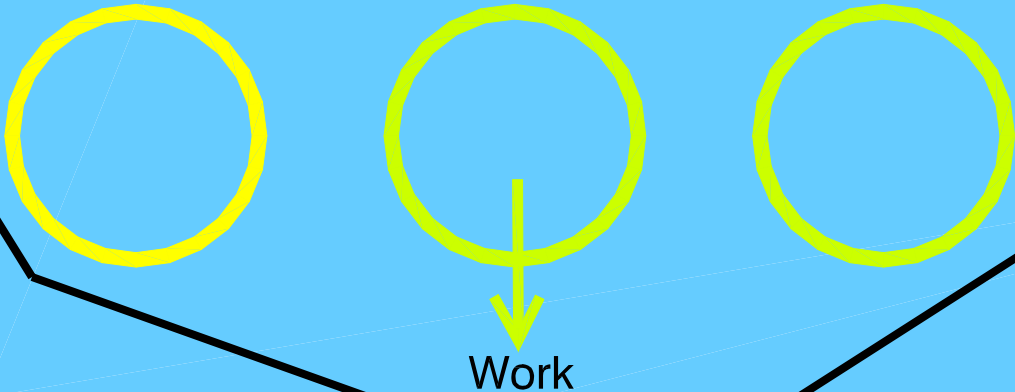
**Employment Area**



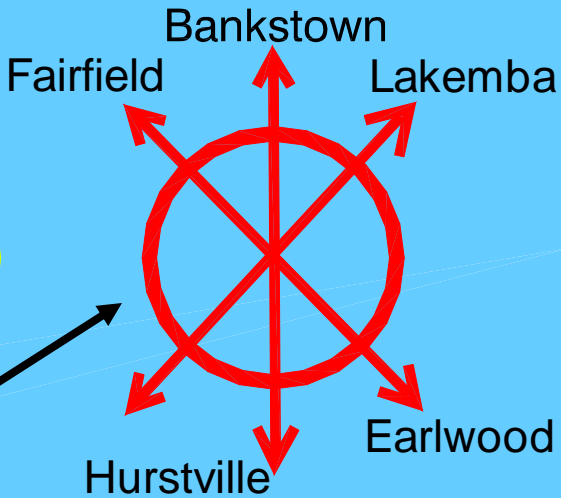
**Roseland**



**Work**



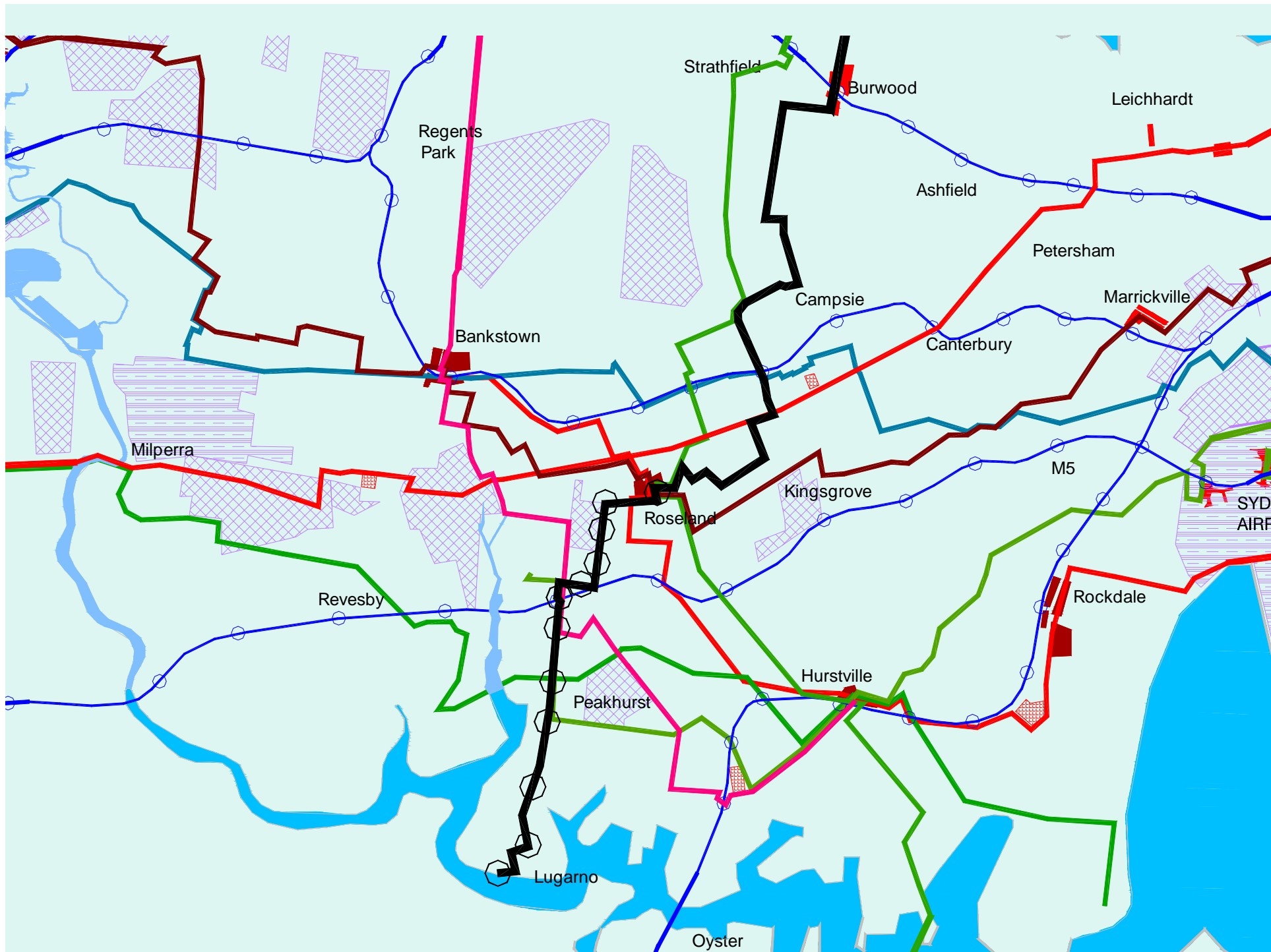
**Bankstown**



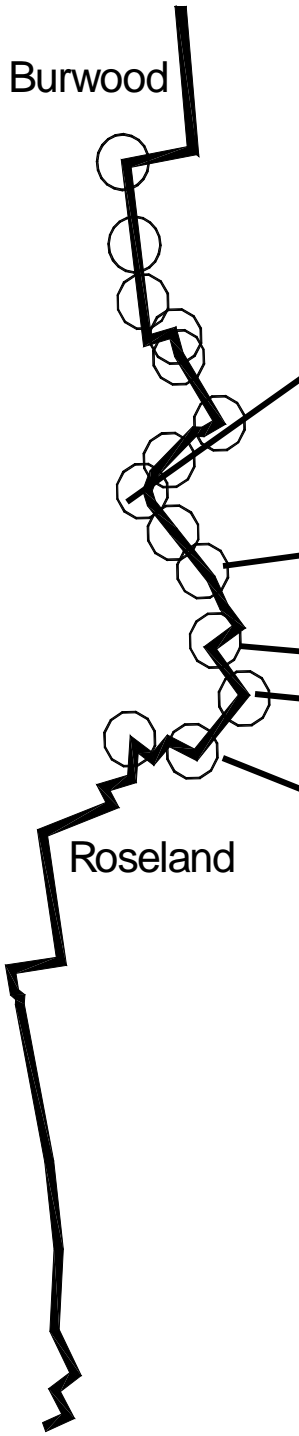
**Diagram Elements:**

- A horizontal row of 20 small circles at the bottom, each with a different symbol (dots, plus signs, minus signs).
- Four cyan triangles pointing downwards from the 'Work' label to the 11th, 12th, 13th, and 14th circles in the row.
- A black arrow pointing from the 'Work' label to the 14th circle.
- A black arrow pointing from the 'Work' label to the 'Bankstown' diagram.

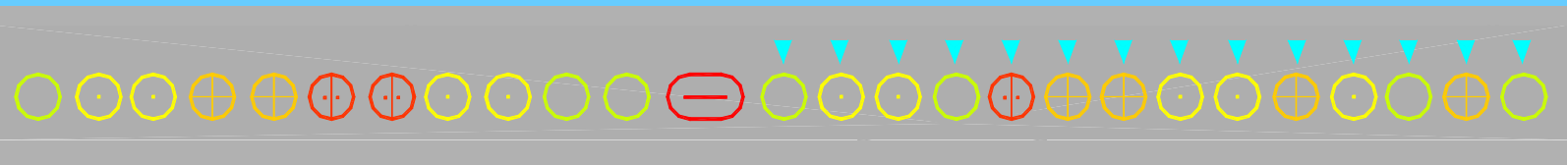




Burwood

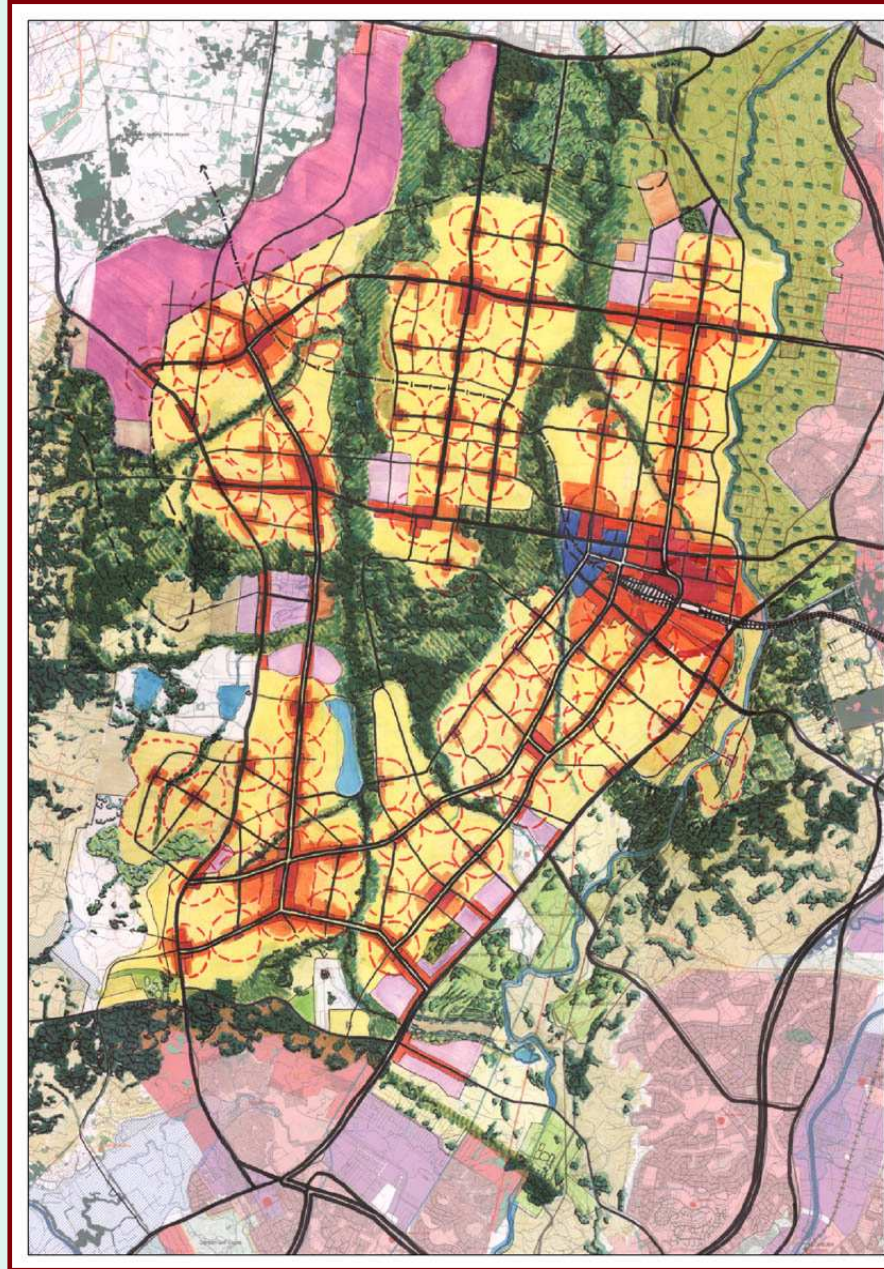


Roseland

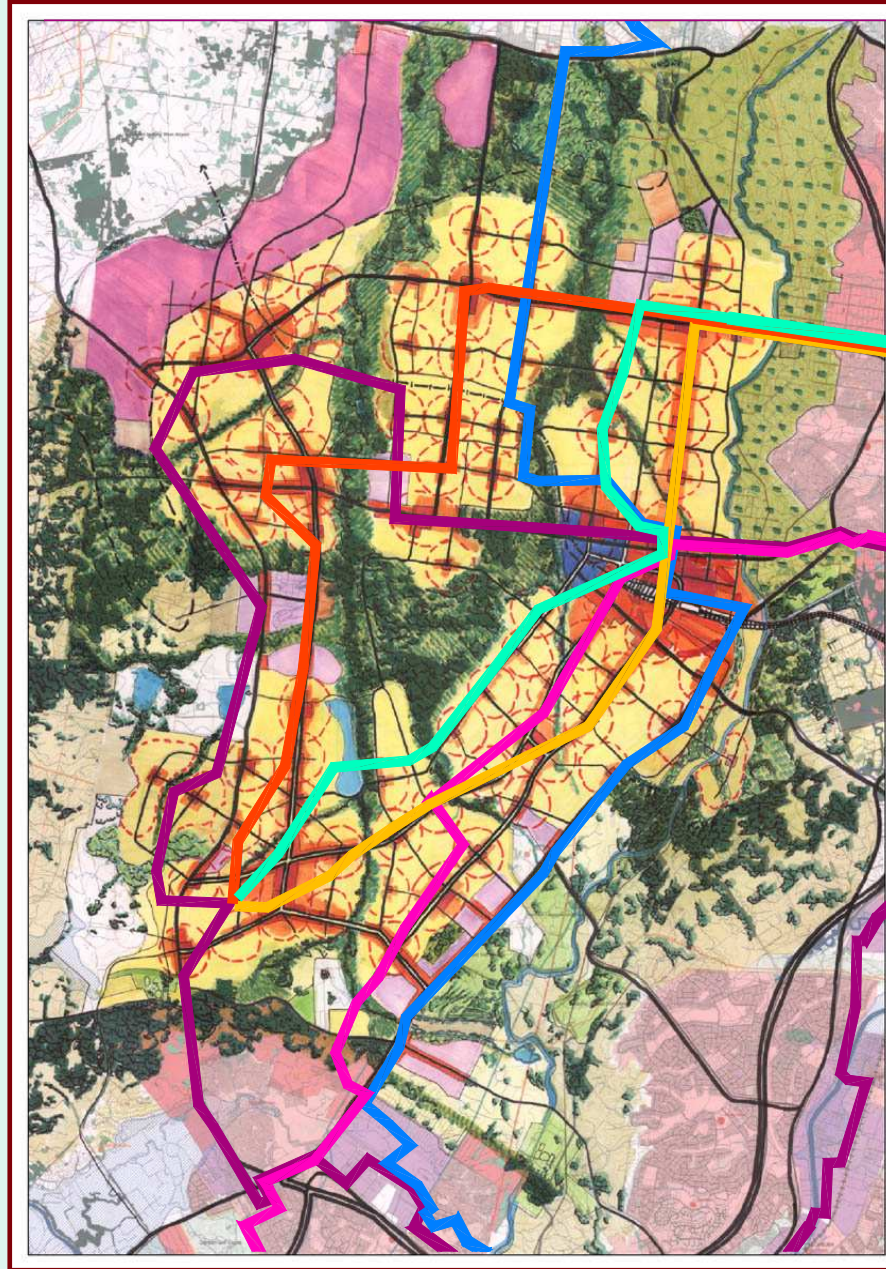




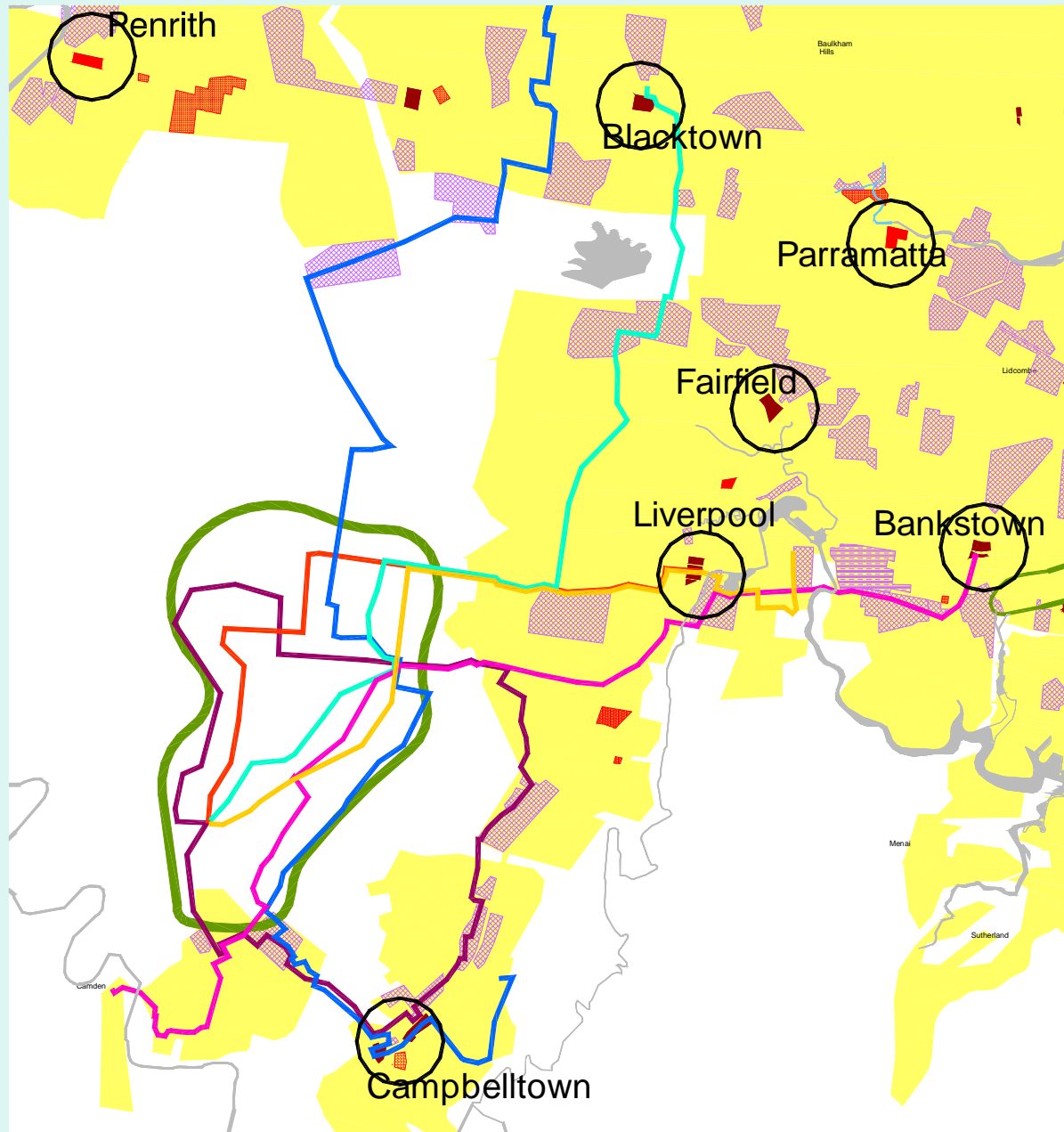
## 8. PRINCIPLES



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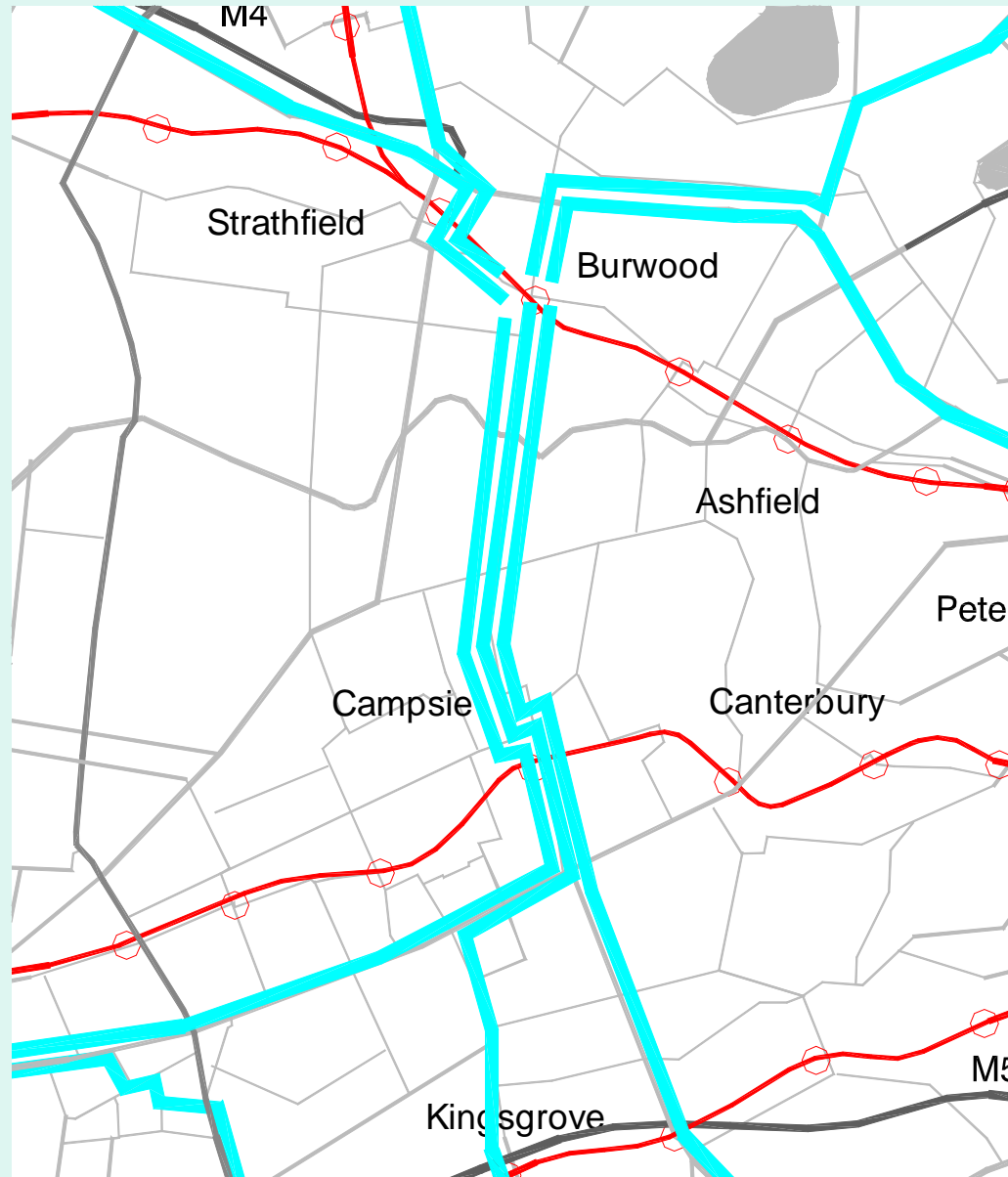


# 8. PRINCIPLES



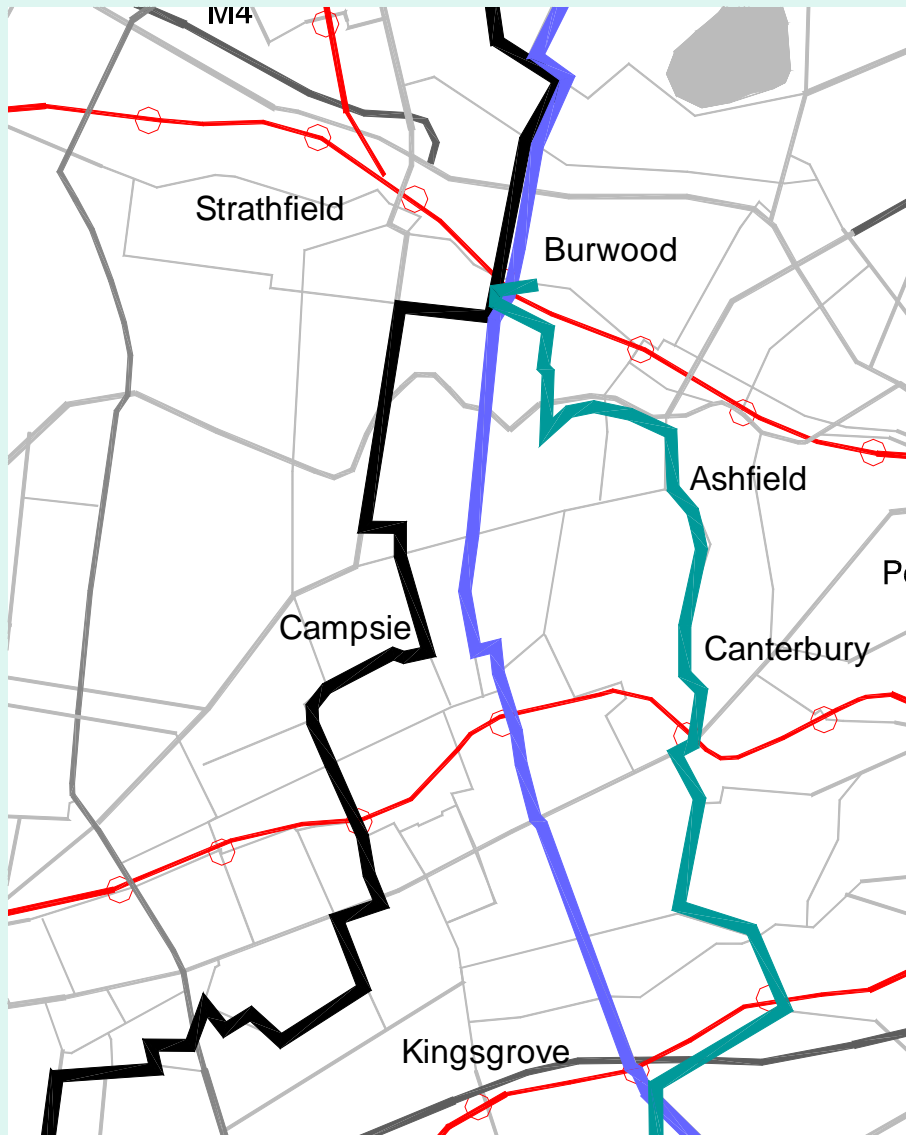
## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

### 9.1 Two paths are better than one **Unsworth too restricted**



## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

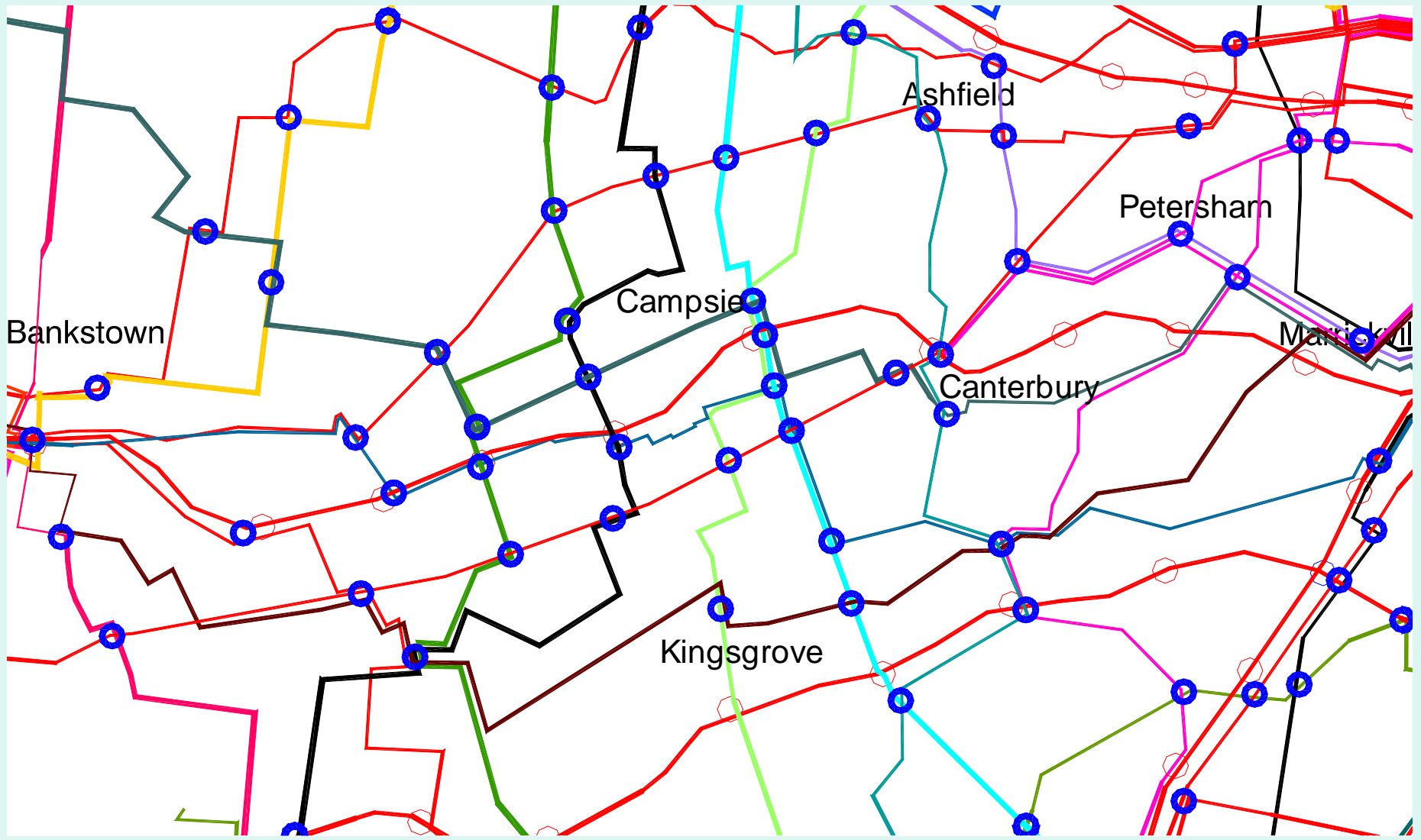
Three paths are better than one





# 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

## 9.2 Flexibility through dispersed Transfers



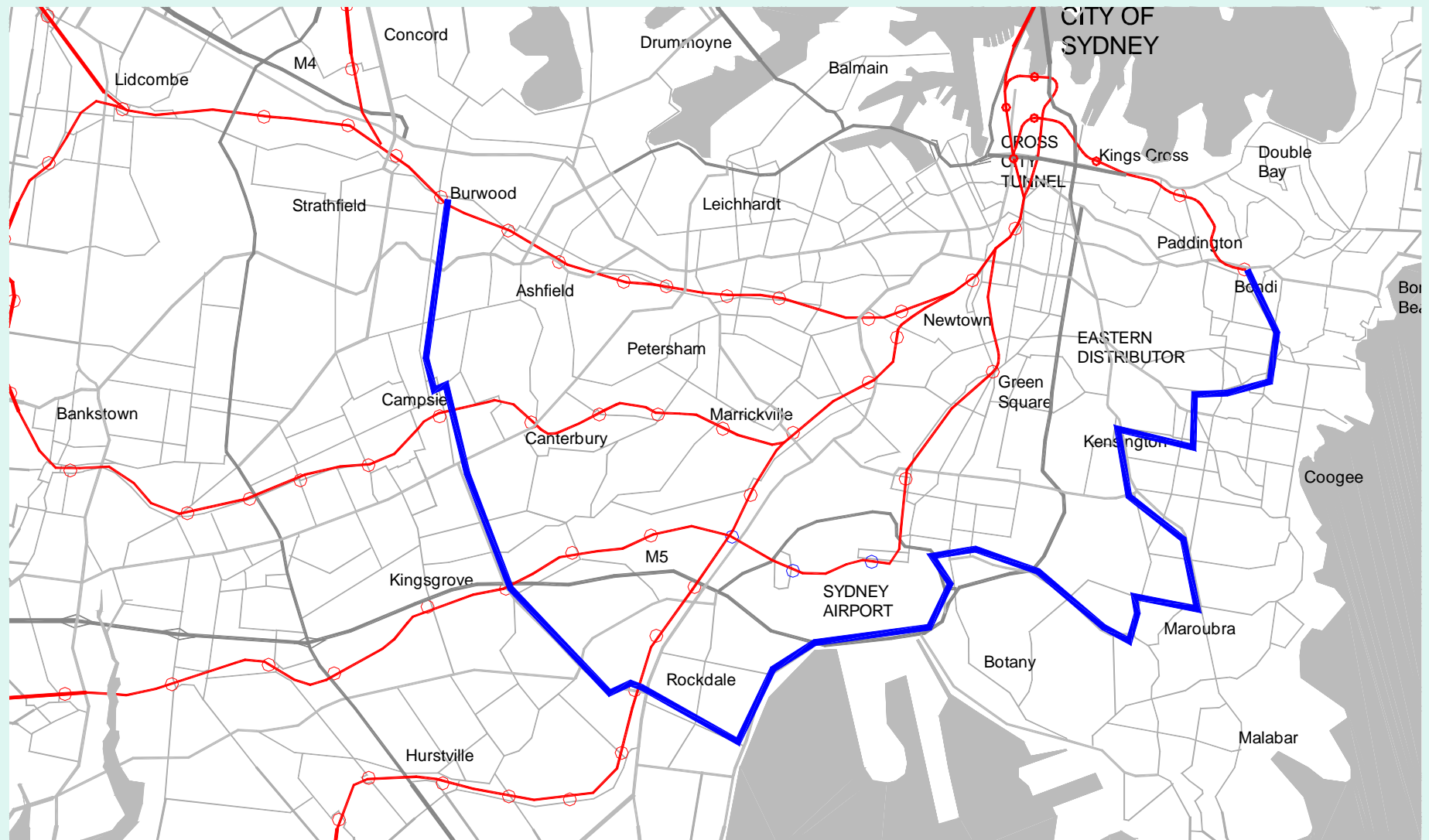
## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

### 9.3 Curved routes create more flexibility to interchange with other curves. (Avoiding two interchanges in the pure grid system)



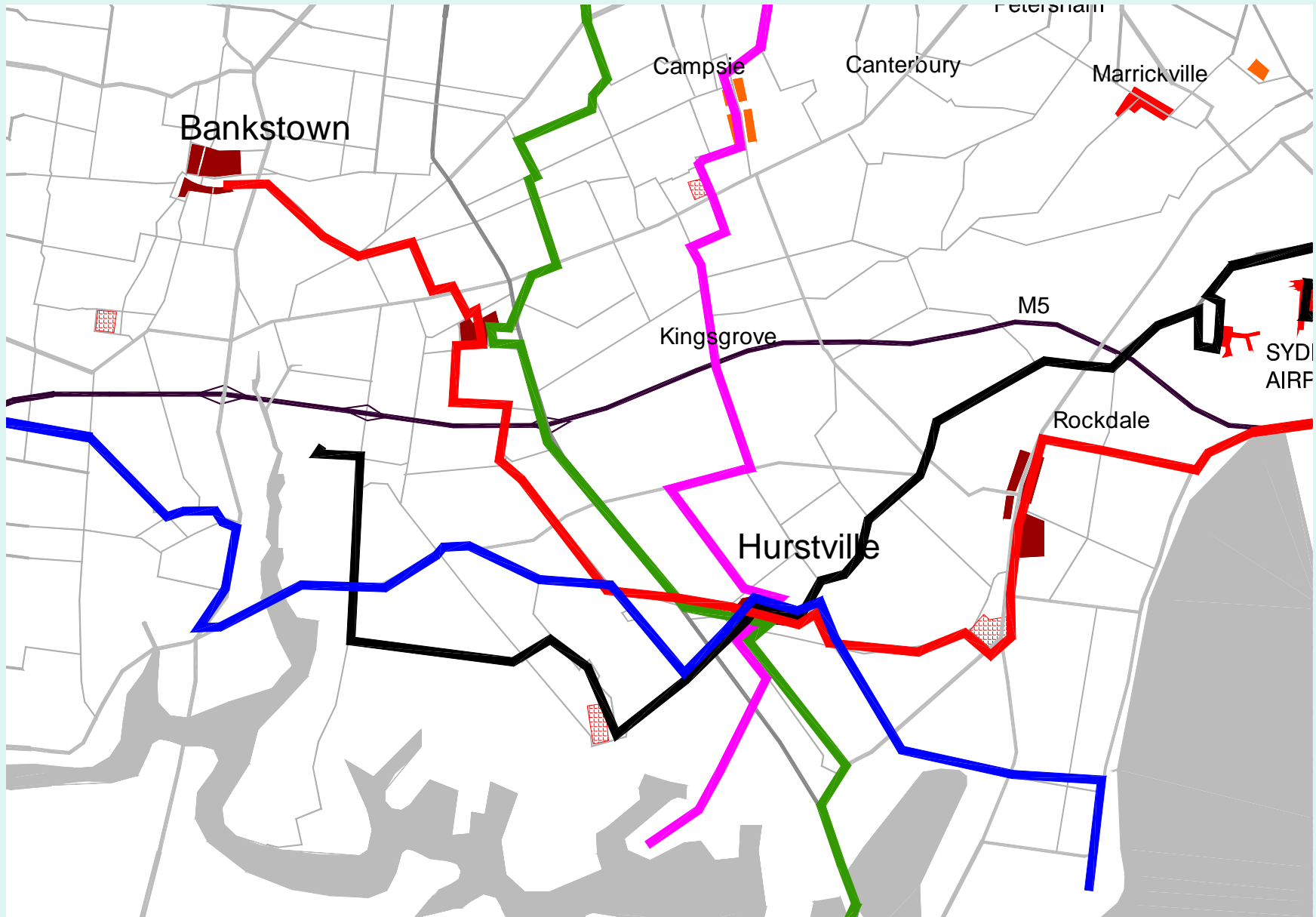
## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

**9.4 Circuitous paths are inefficient, this explains why the 400 route has not been include in MetroWeb no one goes from Burwood to Bondi via the Airport.**



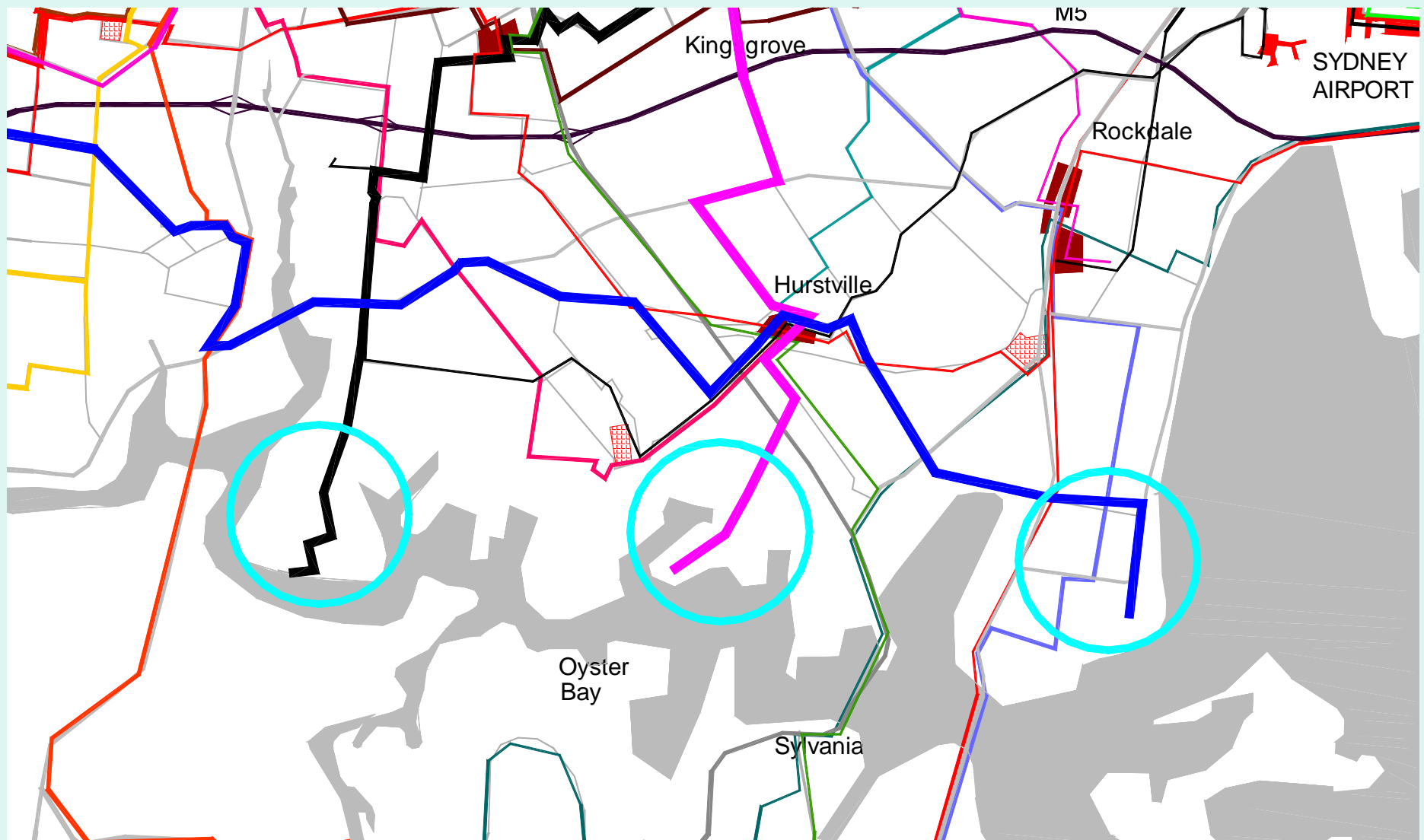
## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

### 9.5 Cross Regional demand is greater than intra regional demand



## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

### 9.6 Well patronised sectors can subsidise low patronage sectors



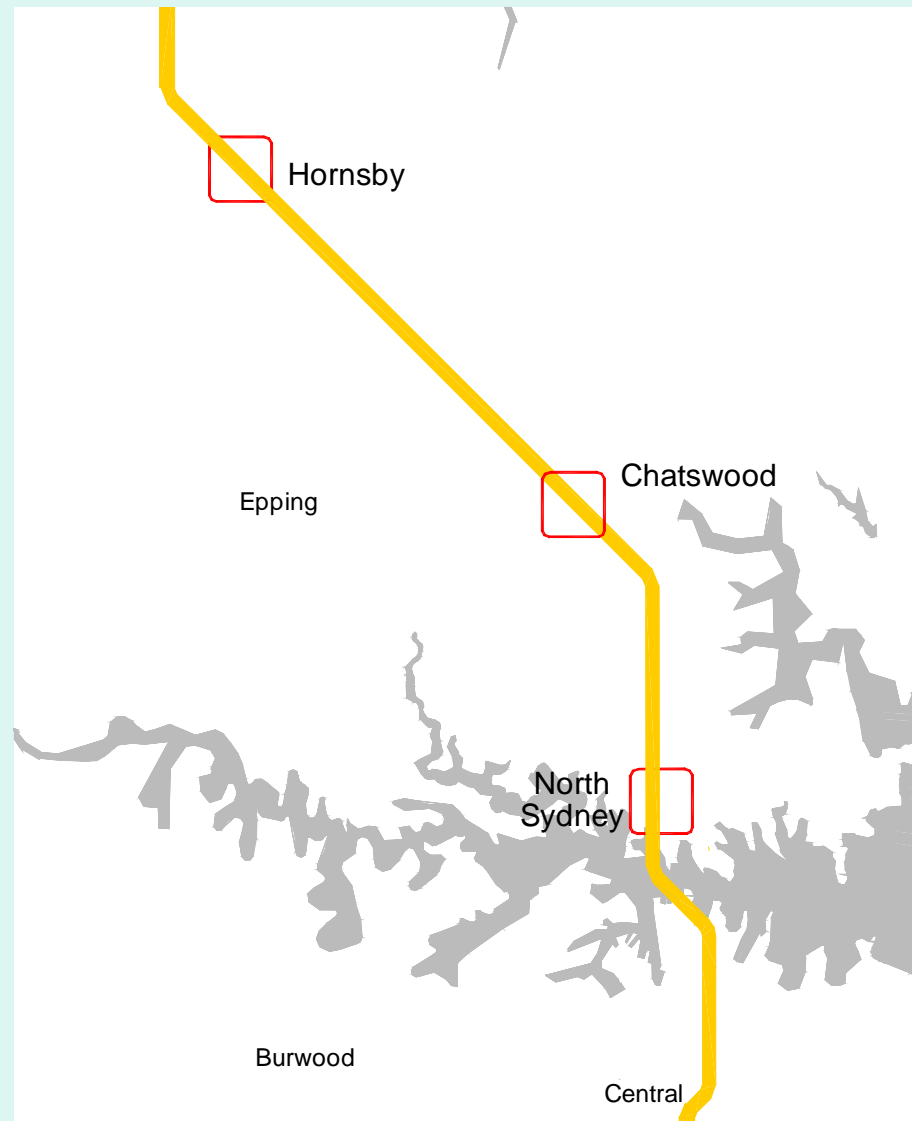
## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

### 9.12 Frequency is more important than speed on a regional or local journey



## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

**9.13 Indeed speed is only relevant to express services that deliver directly into the City or between Regional Cities.**



## 9. RULES OF NETWORK BUILDING

**9.14 Don't draw schemes that cannot be justified within a time frame or cost framework**



# 10. CONCLUSIONS

<b>A</b>	<b>Locales are created</b>	
	<b>Bus stops generate a fundamental part of the local structure for social and economic life.</b>	<b>MetroWeb will connects quite areas of Canterbury with the Sydney Metropolitan Transport System.</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>Walking is increased</b>	
	<b>Local Bus routes become the corridors for journeys along local streets.</b>	<b>Additional street life is predicted to increase walking by 200% reducing car travel by 9%.</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>Equitable Transport</b>	
	<b>Everybody has access to everywhere.</b>	<b>MetroWeb will bring six buses per hour within 400m of nearly all the residents of in Sydney.</b>
<b>D</b>	<b>Economic necessity</b>	
	<b>Car cannot accommodate the future level of mobility.</b>	<b>MetroWeb will allow the residents of Canterbury to increase their daily travel without any additional car travel.</b>

# 10. CONCLUSIONS

<b>E</b>	<b>Environmental necessity</b>	
	<b>Traffic noise, pollution and intrusion cannot be sustained- reduce travel by car.</b>	<b>MetroWeb will reduce the traffic generated by the existing residents of Canterbury residents by 8% (16000 trips per day).</b>
<b>F</b>	<b>Sustainable Futures</b>	
	<b>A viable transport alternative available outside every house.</b>	<b>MetroWeb will offer a readily available alternative to car travel outside every home with simple transfers to practically all regular destinations. This option can be taken up at will.</b>
<b>G</b>	<b>Operationally viable</b>	
	<b>Combining many travel needs to generate a viable regular service.</b>	<b>The through routing of MetroWeb services combined with the multiple transfers will sustain a 10 minute headway for 10 to 16 hours per day.</b>